

Monthly Report 10/03

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Czech Republic: slow growth, a sign of strength?

BY JOSEF PÖSCHL

In the second quarter of 2003 the Czech economy grew by 2.1%. At first sight, this outcome may appear rather meagre, but the second time round it could be taken as evidence of the country's relative economic strength given the stagnation in the Eurozone. Moreover, the seasonally adjusted growth rate was 2.3%, hence not all that low; above all, it was 2.5 percentage points higher compared to Germany. The Czech economy suffered from weak foreign demand. Exports grew by 4.3%, imports by 7%. The latter were

stimulated by growth in private consumption of over 5%. Fixed investment declined slightly – as a net result of a decline in the private component and an increase in state contributions. We can thus conclude that the entrepreneurial sector was simply not in a bullish mood.

The most widespread yardstick of unemployment, the proportion of registered jobless in total labour force, broke the awesome 10% barrier in August. In the same month, the consumer price index continued its slight decline and dropped below the level of August 2002. The decline in the price index was mainly due to lower food prices. The exchange rate is no longer pushing prices towards deflation since nominal appreciation has come to a standstill. In mid-September 2002, the exchange rate briefly dipped below CZK 30 per euro, whereas one year later it came close to CZK 33

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Goods and services at constant prices (GDP methodology).

briefly as it was not sure that the government would pass a vote of confidence.

The new behaviour displayed by the exchange rate stagnation or depreciation rather appreciation – bears traces of the influence exerted by the central bank. For quite some time, the bank has been pioneering low interest rate policies across Europe. The discount rate has come down to 1%, the two-weeks repo rate stands at 2%. Neither this policy nor the government's high deficit have fuelled inflation so far. Furthermore, there are no signs of this deficit being matched by identical trends in the current account. To date, detailed balance of payments results have only been published for the first guarter of 2003. They offer a good overview of the current account structure. The revenues reported in the current account cover a high proportion of the expenditures - 96% in the first quarter of 2003. The deficit was about EUR 0.5 billion. Within Europe and especially with the EU, the Czech Republic tends to achieve a surplus; geographically, the overall deficit is attributable mainly to East Asia. In the first quarter, only 10% of the revenues in the Czech current account stemmed from countries outside Europe, as against the non-European countries accounting for a 22% share of the expenditures. Goods accounted for about 80% of both the current account revenues and expenditures; services accounted for some 10%. In the case of goods, revenues covered expenditures up to 97%; in the case of services, up to 117%. The reinvested and undistributed profits of foreign affiliates on Czech territory were the main determinants where the

current account deficit was concerned; they are registered in negative terms in the current account, but as positive quantities in the financial account for the most part foreign direct investment inflows. These profits amounted to nearly EUR 0.7 billion. Amounting to more than EUR 1 billion, the net inflow of direct investment outstripped the current account deficit. In the second guarter of 2003, the current account deficit stood at EUR 1.4 billion with a deficit of EUR 0.4 billion in the balance of goods. The overall outcome was a slight deterioration. Nevertheless, these figures show that the balance of goods deficit is limited while services continue to produce surpluses. Hence, it would be an exaggeration to suggest a major external imbalance.

The lack of clarity in the international business climate makes it difficult to forecast the turns that the Czech economy will take over the next few months. The current government's humming and hawing merely compounds this difficulty. In the absence of major political turmoil, it is quite likely that nothing will change too drastically. Neither the GDP growth rate nor the level of unemployment will change much; the exchange rate will remain comparatively stable and a (mild) inflation will reappear, but the National Bank will probably continue to pursue its policy of low interest rates. In the ultimate analysis, the government will embark on an exercise in fiscal austerity. The irony being, the cooler the business climate becomes, the more austere the government will be. Fortunately, the most recent foreign trade data point to things improving on this score.

Table CZ

Czech Republic: Selected Economic Indicators

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 1)	2002 Januai	2003 ry-June	2003 fore	2004 cast
Population, th pers., mid-year 2)	10294.9	10282.8	10272.5	10224.2	10189.4				
Gross domestic product, CZK bn, nom.	1839.1	1902.3	1984.8	2175.2	2275.6	1116.3	1163.3	2330	2480
annual change in % (real)	-1.0	0.5	3.3	3.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.8
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate)	5536	5347	5007	5593	6822				
GDP/capita (USD at PPP - wiiw)	13320	13660	13800	15210	15740				
Gross industrial production									
annual change in % (real)	1.6	-3.1	5.4	6.5	4.8	4.5	5.6	5	6
Gross agricultural production									
annual change in % (real)	0.7	0.6	-4.5	2.5	-4.4	-	-		
Goods transport, mn t-kms	53591	54620	57343	57777	61350	•	•	•	
annual change in %	-14.2	1.9	5.0	8.0	6.2	•	•	-	•
Gross fixed capital form., CZK bn, nom.	535.5	528.3	561.5	603.3	599.3	278.2	279.6	-	
annual change in % (real)	0.7	-1.0	5.4	5.5	0.6	1.3	-0.3	0	5
Construction industry									
annual change in % (real)	-7.0	-6.5	5.3	9.6	2.5	3.1	2.7		
Dwellings completed, units	22183	23734	25207	24759	27291				
annual change in %	32.4	7.0	6.2	-1.8	10.2	•			•
Employment total, th pers., average 3)	4865.7	4764.1	4731.6	4750.2	4796.0	4772.8	4740.0		
annual change in %	-1.4	-2.1	-0.7	0.4	1.0	0.6	-0.7		
Employment in industry, th pers., average 3)	1519.9	1468.7	1429.4	1470.6	1472.3	1479.6	1377.4		
annual change in %	-2.0	-3.4	-2.7	2.9	0.1	1.4	-6.9		
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	386.9	487.6	457.4	461.9	514.4	454.3	501.0		
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period	7.5	9.4	8.8	8.9	9.8	8.7	9.5	10.3	9.8
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average	6.5	8.7	8.8	8.1	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.5
Average gross monthly wages, CZK 4)	11693	12797	13614	14793	15857	15181	16226		
annual change in % (real, gross)	-1.2	6.2	2.4	3.8	5.3	4.3	9.1		
Retail trade turnover, CZK bn									
annual change in % (real)	-6.8	3.0	4.3	4.5	3.0	3.4	4.3		
Consumer prices, % p.a.	10.7	2.1	3.9	4.7	1.8	3.0	-0.2	0.2	3.5
Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	4.9	1.0	4.9	2.9	-0.5	-0.2	-0.7	-0.5	1.0
Central government budget, CZK bn									
Revenues	537.4	567.3	586.2	626.2	705.0	348.5	335.6		
Expenditures	566.7	596.9	632.3	693.9	750.8	349.4	389.0		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+)	-29.3	-29.6	-46.1	-67.7	-45.7	-0.9	-53.4		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-1.6	-1.6	-2.3	-3.1	-2.0	-0.1	-4.6		•
Money supply, CZK bn, end of period									
M1, Money	404.0	447.8	497.7	583.6	692.3	617.5	718.4		
M2, Money + quasi money	1241.4	1337.5	1412.3	1596.0	1647.3	1580.5	1646.4		
Discount rate, % p.a., end of period	7.5	5.0	5.0	3.8	1.8	2.8	1.3		
Current account, USD mn	-1255	-1462	-2718	-3273	-4523	-1706	-2034	-5200	-5800
Current account in % of GDP	-2.2	-2.7	-5.3	-5.7	-6.5	-5.3	-5.0	-6.5	-6.6
Gross reserves of NB incl. gold, USD mn	12617	12825	13139	14464	23709	21441	25475		•
Gross external debt, USD mn	24348	22861	21608	22374	26281	24898			•
Exports total, fob, EUR mn 5)	23067.9	24639.6	31482.7	37251.2	40711.2	20274.2	21356.7	43300	47000
annual change in %	16.4	6.8	27.8	18.3	9.3	9.0	5.3	6	9
Imports total, cif, EUR mn 5)	25286.6	26386.0	34875.7	40674.8	43026.0	20993.6	21918.6	45700	50000
annual change in %	5.3	4.3	32.2	16.6	5.8	4.6	4.4	6	9
Average exchange rate CZK/USD	32.27	34.60	38.59	38.04	32.74	34.67	28.6	29.1	28.4
Average exchange rate CZK/EUR (ECU)	36.16	36.88	35.61	34.08	30.81	31.08	31.55	31.8	31
Purchasing power parity CZK/USD, wiiw	13.42	13.54	14.00	13.99	14.19				
Purchasing power parity CZK/EUR, wiiw	14.53	14.75	14.67	15.24	15.26		•	•	

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) From 2001 based on census March 2001. - 3) Based on Labour Force Survey data. - 4) Enterprises with more than 20 employees, from 1998 including part of the Ministry of Defence and the Ministry of the Interior. - 5) Converted from the national currency to EUR at the official exchange rate.

Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

Hungary: getting out of the deficit trap?

BY SÁNDOR RICHTER

GDP grew by 2.4% in the second guarter of 2003. the lowest growth rate recorded in the past six years (first quarter: 2.7%). Growth was driven principally by household consumption, which expanded by an estimated 7% in the first half of the year. Consumption reflects the sharp increase in real wages, 13.2% in the first six months. External balances deteriorated, the EUR 2.7 billion current account deficit in January-July was nearly twice as large as in the respective period of 2002. That deterioration was mainly caused by the doubling of the trade deficit and a 16% decline in revenues from tourism against a year earlier. Non-debt generating external financing of the economy was a guarter less than in the first half of 2002, due to Hungary's substantial outward FDI, and covered just 16% of the current account deficit.

Encouraging signs have been seen only in investment and industry. Although investment increased by only 1.7% in the second quarter, its composition has improved. In manufacturing, investment expanded by 3.9%, with investment in machinery up 10.7%. There has been a remarkable shift for more business sector investment at the expense of public sector investment. Industrial output rose by 4.1% in the first seven months of the year. Foreign demand remained the dominant factor in industry as export sales increased by 7.4% while domestic sales by just 0.5%.

Despite half-hearted efforts to consolidate public finances, the government remained hostage to its own election promises. This may change as in mid-September a 10% downsizing of the staff in ministries and associated government bodies was announced, coupled with a 6% reduction of the employees in other public sector institutions. As the public sector accounts for about one fifth of Hungarian employed, that step may substantially reduce public expenditures. In order to attract more

foreign investment, the corporate tax rate was reduced from 18% to 16%. Important changes in taxation will come into force next year. The preferential VAT rates will rise (from 0 to 5% and from 12 to 15%), the normal 25% rate remains unchanged; excise tax rates for some commodities will also be raised. Personal income tax rates will be lowered.

By mid-September the exchange rate seems to be stabilized at around 255 HUF/EUR, indicating a strengthening of the Hungarian currency against the rate of more than 260 HUF/EUR that was in place after the devaluation of the central parity of the intervention band in June. The current rate corresponds to the finance ministry's target (250-260 HUF/EUR) but is still weaker than the rate of 250 HUF/EUR the central bank would like to see.

As of September 2003 it is quite evident that the original macroeconomic projections for the year cannot be maintained. GDP growth is unlikely to reach 3%, the current account deficit (over EUR 4 billion) will exceed 5% of the GDP. The general government deficit will be substantially smaller (about 5% compared to the GDP) than in 2002, but most of the improvement is of a technical/statistical nature.

CPI inflation may remain below 5% in 2003, yet rising regulated prices in the second half of the year (electricity, postal services, and bakery products) and the new tax rates will result in inflation higher than 6% next year. The government aims at close to zero growth of real wages in 2004, coupled with a cut of the public finance deficit to 3.8% of the GDP. The political feasibility of these targets is still uncertain. In view of decelerating domestic demand and the slow recovery in Hungary's main export markets, GDP growth in 2004 may amount to about 3%. In September the government announced that Hungary will introduce the euro in 2008, and wishes to join the ERM II as soon as possible, probably in May 2004. The latter objective will soon require a decision about the central parity at which the forint enters the system.

Table HU

Hungary: Selected Economic Indicators

Trungary. Selected Economic Indicators									
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 1)	2002 Janua	2003 iry-June	2003 fore	2004 ecast
Population, th pers., end of period	10253	10222	10200	10175	10142	10162	10119		
Gross domestic product, HUF bn, nom. 2) annual change in % (real) 2)	10087.4 4.9	11393.5 4.2	13150.8 5.2	14849.6 3.8	16980.1 3.3	8117.0 2.9	9063.3 2.5	18400 2.9	20200 3.2
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate) GDP/capita (USD at PPP - wiiw)	4582 10620	4690 11310	4563 12160	5087 12980	6479 13590				
Gross industrial production									
annual change in % (real) Gross agricultural production	12.5	10.4	18.1	3.6	2.7	0.7	3.9	5	7
annual change in % (real)	0.7	0.4	-6.5	15.8	-4.4				
Goods transport, mn t-kms	27144	26339	26399	26240	26402	11405	11586	·	
annual change in %	9.5	-3.0	0.2	-0.6	0.6		1.6		-
Gross fixed capital form., HUF bn, nom.	2384.6	2724.5	3179.8	3508.4	3786.3	1423.3	1459.4	:	_
annual change in % (real) Construction industry	13.3	5.9	7.7	3.5	5.8	6.5	0.5	2	5
annual change in % (real)	15.3	9.0	7.9	7.7	17.8	23.3	-3.8	-5	0
Dwellings completed, units	20323	19287	21583	28054	31511	10015	9181		
annual change in %	-27.8	-5.1	11.9	30.0	12.3	22.4	-8.3		
Employment total, th pers., average ³⁾⁴⁾	3697.7	3811.5	3849.1	3859.5	3870.6	3853.8	3891.8		
annual change in % 3)4)	0.7	3.1	1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.1	1.0	0	0
Employees in industry, th pers., average 5)	795.9	834.0	844.8	833.9	817.7	824.3	804.4		
annual change in %	1.6	0.8	1.3	-1.3	-1.9	-1.8	-2.4		
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	404.1	404.5	372.4	342.8	344.9	328.5		•	
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period ⁶⁾	9.6	9.4	8.6	7.9	8.0	7.6	-		
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average	7.8	7.0	6.4	5.7	5.8	5.7	6.1	6.2	6.2
Average gross monthly wages, HUF 5) annual change in % (real, net)	67764 3.6	77187 2.5	87645 1.5	103553 6.4	122453 13.6	114417 11.3	130652 13.2	9	
Retail trade turnover, HUF bn 7)	3682.8	4329.7	4822.0	5394.0	6105.0	1934.0	2132.1		
annual change in % (real)	12.3	7.9	2.0	5.4	10.7	10.2	8.5		-
Consumer prices, % p.a.	14.3	10.0	9.8	9.2	5.3	5.9	4.3	5.3	6.3
Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	11.3	5.1	11.6	5.2	-1.8	-2.2	0.6		-
Central government budget, HUF bn 8)									
Revenues	2624.4	3227.6	3681.0	4073.9	4373.0	2002.9	2228.4		
Expenditures	3176.6	3565.8	4049.7	4487.8	5854.2	2362.4	2687.0	•	•
Deficit (-) / surplus (+)	-552.2	-338.1	-368.7	-413.9	-1481.2	-359.6	-458.6		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-5.5	-3.0	-2.8	-2.8	-8.7	٠	•	•	•
Money supply, HUF bn, end of period 9)									
M1, Money	1986.9	2357.0	2648.5	3110.2	3645.3	3116.1	3705.5		
Broad money Refinancing rate, % p.a., end of period	4585.0 17.0	5186.3 14.5	6123.0 11.0	7172.3 9.8	7852.0 8.5	6942.5 9.0	8041.0 9.5	•	•
								4200	4000
Current account, USD mn ¹⁰⁾ Current account in % of GDP	-2223 -4.7	-2435 -5.1	-2900 -6.2	-1754 -3.4	-2655 -4.0	-1086	-2659	-4300 -5.3	-4000 -4.4
Reserves total, excl. gold, USD mn	9312	10948	11202	10738	10359	10158	12369	-5.5	-4.4
Gross external debt, USD mn	27280	29190	30254	33166	40419	36154	45923		
Exports total, fob, EUR mn 11)	20476.8	23491.0	30544.5	34082.0	36522.9	18426.7	17698.8	35610	37750
annual growth rate in %	21.1	14.7	30.0	11.6	7.2	9.3	-4.0	-2.5	6
Imports total, cif, EUR mn ¹¹⁾	22871.2	26287.8	34856.3	37654.1	39939.5	19733.7	20093.6	40940	42580
annual growth rate in %	21.8	14.9	32.6	8.0	6.1	4.9	1.8	2.5	4
Average exchange rate HUF/USD	214.45	237.31	282.27	286.54	258.00	271.47	223.83	227	225
Average exchange rate HUF/EUR (ECU)	240.98	252.80	260.04	256.68	242.97	243.50	247.25	253	255
Purchasing power parity HUF/USD, wiiw	92.53	98.38	105.92	112.33	122.99				
Purchasing power parity HUF/EUR, wiiw	100.22	107.17	116.03	123.10	132.99				•

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) Methodological break 2000/2001. - 3) Based on Labour Force Survey. - 4) From 1998 new sample; from 2002 according to census 2001 and excluding conscripts. - 5) Enterprises with more than 10, from 1999 more than 5 employees. - 6) From 2001 wiw estimate. - 7) From 2003 (and 1st half 2002) excluding sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles (NACE 52). - 8) Excluding privatization revenues. - 9) From 1998 revised data according to ECB methodology. - 10) From 1995 revised data according to international standards. - 11) Converted from the national currency to EUR at the official exchange rate.

Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

Poland: strong exports, continuing fiscal disarray

BY LEON PODKAMINER

In the second quarter of 2003 Poland's GDP growth rate jumped to 3.8%, from 2.2% in the first quarter. The acceleration was due to the strong increase in private consumption and improvements in foreign trade. Private consumption contributed 2.6 percentage points and net exports 1.8 pp to the 3.8% overall growth rate recorded (while falling gross capital formation and public consumption contributed -0.5 and -0.1 pp respectively).

Rising private consumption (2.6% in the first half of 2003) seems to be primarily backed by rising social benefits (e.g. pensions) and incomes earned by the self-employed persons and entrepreneurs. Gross value added rose 2.8% in real terms in the first half of 2003 (6.1% in industry and 4.2% in market services). At the same time the entire wage bill fell, indicating a strong increase in profits. With gross capital formation continuing to decline as well, rising profits have therefore been available for larger current consumption.

The good performance of foreign trade can be attributed to two factors. First, the Polish currency has been weakening against the euro quite remarkably - which enhances the competitiveness of the bulk of Poland's exports, which are primarily price-elastic. At the same time the zloty remains guite strong against the US dollar, which suppresses the costs of imports of raw materials such crude oil. Second, industrial competitiveness continues to make large gains on account of rising labour productivity and falling unit labour costs. (Both improved by over 10% in the first half of 2003.)

The weakness of the zloty against the euro, which so far has had no perceptible impact on domestic inflation, seems to reflect the relatively low (by Polish standards) interest rates, and rather stable inflows of foreign capital. Some speculation against the zloty seems to be there – hopefully it will be of limited intensity.

The first signs of recovery have not been coupled with much of an improvement on unemployment, which is stuck at unbearably high levels. This was sufficient to wreck the government's popularity. And, as the media successfully demolish its image (on charges - real, but sometimes concocted - of corruption and indolence), the government is becoming increasingly insecure and prone to making rather nervous moves. It attempts to appease the business community and the liberal opposition by easing the tax burden while at the same time shying away from executing radical cuts in public spending. Some cuts in spending, likely to enacted. will further estrange disadvantaged social groups. Worse still, the resultant further rise of the budget deficit (from about 4.8% of the GDP in 2003 to well over 5.5% in 2004) adds fuel to the liberal condemnation of the official policy.

The expansion of the budget deficit and of public debt is dampening the hopes, cherished by the National Bank of Poland and the government, for an early adoption of the euro. Also, it is likely to strain Poland's relations with the stability-minded EU authorities. It may also involve high costs in the form of possibly rising yields on governmental debt. Other risks of the fiscal expansion seem more hypothetical than real. With quite high foreign reserves, very low short-term foreign debt and relatively low (and falling) current account deficits, the likelihood of a major exchange rate crisis seems low. If anything, one should rather fear high capital inflows and the renewed strengthening of the zloty - as this would undercut the positive tendencies in foreign trade. Another phoney risk is that the rising fiscal deficits siphon off private savings and thus crowd out investment. As long as the National Bank does not 'pre-emptively' tighten the monetary policy, private investment will be restricted by low rather than by high public spending.

Of course, rising deficits in 2004 do not, *per se*, guarantee acceleration of growth. As long as investments stagnate – as they still do despite rising profits – the present recovery may turn out temporary.

Table PL

Poland: Selected Economic Indicators

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	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 ¹⁾	2002 January	2003 /-June	2003 fore	2004 ecast
Population, th pers., end of period ²⁾	38667	38654	38644	38632	38215	38623	38195		
Gross domestic product, PLN mn, nom. 3)	553560	615115	684982	750786	772248	368078	382747	811300	864900
annual change in % (real)	4.8	4.1	4.0	1.0	1.4	0.7	3.0	3	3.5
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate)	4098	4011	4078	4746	4952				
GDP/capita (USD at PPP - wiiw)	8490	9010	9540	10310	10510				
Gross industrial production (sales)						4)	4)		_
annual change in % (real)	3.5	3.6	6.7	0.6	1.4	-1.0 ⁴⁾	6.7 4)	4	5
Gross agricultural production									
annual change in % (real)	5.9	-5.2	-5.6	5.8	-1.8	•	•		•
Goods transport, mn t-kms	317052	310698	282559	253269	248685	•	•		
annual change in %	-3.8	-2.0	-9.1	-10.4	-1.8	•			
Gross fixed capital form., PLN mn, nom.	139205	156690	170430	157209	147838	57413	56701		_
annual change in % (real)	14.2	6.8	2.7	-8.8	-7.2	-10.4	-2.6	0	3
Construction output total									
annual change in % (real)	12.4	6.2	1.0	-6.4	-0.9	-14.9	-12.7		
Dwellings completed, units	80594	81979	87789	105967	97595	42794	64325		
annual change in %	9.3	1.7	7.1	20.7	-7.9	-10.1	50.3		
Employment total, th pers., average	15800.4	15373.5	15017.5	14923.6	14784.2	15100.0	14443.0		
annual change in %	2.3	-2.7	-2.3	-0.6	-0.9	10100.0	-4.4		•
Employees in industry, th pers., average	3378.7	3138.4	2955.0	2820.6	2735.9	2498.0 ⁴⁾	2417.0 ⁴⁾	•	
annual change in %	-1.6	-7.1	-5.8	-4.5	-3.0	-6.7 ⁴⁾	-3.2 ⁴⁾	•	
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	1831.4	2349.8	2702.6	3115.1	3217.0	3090.9	3134.6		•
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period	10.4	13.1	15.1	17.5	18.1	17.4	17.8	18	18
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average	10.6	13.9	16.1	18.2	19.9	20.1	20.0	20	20
	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.0			20	20
Average gross monthly wages, PLN 5)	1232.7	1697.1	1893.7	2045.1	2133.2	2109.3 4)	2184.8 4)	•	•
annual change in % (real, net) 6)	4.5	4.7	1.0	2.5	2.4	1.7 4)	1.6 4)	-	
Retail trade turnover, PLN mn	291197	323687	360318	375438	385287				
annual change in % (real)	2.6	4.0	1.0	0.2	1.8	3.1 ⁴⁾	6.0 ⁴⁾		
, ,									
Consumer prices, % p.a.	11.8	7.3	10.1	5.5	1.9	2.8	0.5	2	3
Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	7.3	5.7	7.8	1.6	1.0	0.5	2.6		•
Central government budget, PLN mn									
Revenues	126560	125922	135664	140527	143520	65111	71903		
Expenditures	139752	138401	151055	172885	182922	90034	95722		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+)	-13192	-12479	-15391	-32358	-39403	-24923	-23818		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-2.4	-2.0	-2.2	-4.3	-5.1	-6.8	-6.2	-4.8	-5.3
Money supply, PLN mn, end of period									
M1, Money	89920	111384	106456	118297	136611	126069	146360		
M2, Money + quasi money	223678	268701	300424	328198	320183	321941	322867	•	•
Discount rate of NB % p.a., end of period	18.2	19.0	21.5	14.0	7.5	10.0	5.8	5.8	
Current account, USD mn	-6841	-11553	-9952	-7166	-6700	-3978	-2655	-7000	-8000
Current account in % of GDP	-4.3	-7.5	-6.3	-3.9	-3.5	-4.4	-2.7	-3.4	-3.7
Gross reserves of NB excl. gold, USD mn	27325	26354	26564	25649	28660	27110	30939	0.1	0.1
Gross external debt, USD mn	59135	65365	69465	71798	83206	79747			
Exports total, fob, EUR mn //	25145.4	25729.3	34382.6	40374.7	43400.2	20971.6	22187.8		
annual growth rate in %	10.3	2.3	33.6	17.4	7.5	5.7	5.8	6	7
Imports total, cif, EUR mn 7)	41539.3	43151.2	53121.9	56222.7	58307.4	28416.5	28380.2		
annual growth rate in %	10.8	3.9	23.1	5.8	3.7	2.8	-0.1	2	7
Average exchange rate PLN/USD	3.49	3.97	4.35	4.09	4.08	4.09	3.87	3.91	4.00
Average exchange rate PLN/EUR (ECU)	3.92	4.23	4.01	3.67	3.86	3.67	4.27	4.3	4.4
Purchasing power parity PLN/USD, wiiw	1.69	1.77	1.86	1.88	1.90				
Purchasing power parity PLN/EUR, wiiw	1.83	1.93	2.03	2.07	2.04				

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) 2002 according to census May 2002. - 3) From 2001 new methodology. - 4) Enterprises with more than 9 employees. - 5) From 1999 including mandatory premium for social security. - 6) From 1999 real gross wages. - 7) Converted from the national currency to EUR at the official exchange rate. Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

Russian Federation: growth picking up strongly

BY PETER HAVLIK

Russian GDP growth accelerated to 7% in the first half of 2003 – double the rate reported for the corresponding period of the previous year. Higher world market energy prices resulted in a resumption of net export growth; there was also a marked increase in investments. Both private consumption and real household incomes continue to expand as well. With the government budget in a sizeable surplus, foreign exchange reserves at a record level, a slightly appreciating exchange rate and a modest decline of both inflation and unemployment, the Russian economy is now in the best shape since the beginning of transition.

Export revenues in the first half of 2003 were up by more than 28% in USD terms compared to a year earlier, largely thanks to higher energy export prices (oil and gas made up 56% of Russian exports). Imports increased by more than 20%, partly also thanks to price effects, but the terms of trade nevertheless improved. The foreign trade surplus exceeded USD 28 billion and the current account surplus USD 21 billion (11% of GDP). The growth of export revenues will probably bottom out in the course of the year while imports, fuelled by strong consumer and investment demand, will continue to grow fast. Though the trade and current account surpluses will remain large, contribution to GDP growth will diminish. The main pillar of growth will be domestic absorption. especially investment.

The recent investment recovery can be explained by several factors, both internal (domestic) and external. First, favourable prices have facilitated high revenues and profits in the Russian energy and metals sectors (and revenues of the state budget) which together account for about two thirds of total investment. Second, the global economic weakness, low interest rates and depressed yields on international bond and stock markets have made investments in Russia more attractive. The inflow of foreign direct investment was up by about 50% in the first half of 2003 while Russian investment abroad (and the capital flight) have diminished. For the medium- and long-term outlook it will be crucial to diversify investment flows from extracting to manufacturing industries.

Despite the largely positive economic indicators, a sustainable development is still uncertain considering the pre-election reform stalemate, lagging implementation of legal regulations and, last but not least, the growing structural distortions in the economy. Neither the recent murky affairs related to privatization deals (Yukos, Gazprom, Novoye Vremya) nor the announcement to form a 'Common Economic Space' together with Belarus, Kazakhstan and Ukraine are likely to have a significant economic impact on Russia. Next year's federal budget, based on a conservative estimate regarding the oil price of just USD 20 per barrel, was approved in September in the first reading by the Duma. It envisages a surplus amounting to 0.5% of projected GDP which should be transferred to a separate 'stabilization' fund. In line with the recent favourable developments, wiiw has revised its GDP forecast upwards: after 6% growth in 2003. we expect growth to drop below 5% next year since no additional growth stimulus can be identified. There is a broad consensus that the current pace of economic growth is not sustainable in the medium and long run unless the speed of structural, institutional and banking sector reforms increases substantially. This may well be the case after President Putin's expected re-election next spring.

Table RU

Russia: Selected Economic Indicators

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 1)	2002 January	2003 y-June	2003 fore	2004 cast
Population, th pers., end of period	146693	145925	145185	144317	143467			143500	143200
Gross domestic product, RUB bn, nom.	2629.6	4823.2	7305.6	9039.4	10863.4	4790.5	6003.8	13000	15000
annual change in % (real)	-5.3	6.4	10.0	5.0	4.3	3.6	7.0	6.0	4.7
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate)	1844	1339	1785	2141	2408				
GDP/capita (USD at PPP - wiiw)	5490	5950	6720	7260	7690				
Gross industrial production									
annual change in % (real)	-5.2	11.0	11.9	4.9	3.7	3.2	6.8	6.2	5
Gross agricultural production									
annual change in % (real)	-13.2	4.1	7.7	7.5	1.7	4.4	-0.3		
Goods transport, bn t-kms	3147	3315	3480	3592	3793	2258	2418		
annual change in %	-3.3	5.3	5.0	3.2	5.6	4.3	7.1		
Gross fixed investment, RUB bn, nom.	407.1	670.4	1165.2	1504.5	1758.7	646.0	800.4		
annual change in % (real)	-12.0	5.3	17.7	8.7	2.6	2.3	11.9	10	7
Construction output total									
annual change in % (real)	-5.0	6.0	17.0	9.9	2.7	2.8	14.2	-	
Dwellings completed, th units	387.7	389.8	373.4	381.6	395.8	125.7	138.1	•	
annual change in %	-9.9	0.5	-4.2	2.2	3.7	•	9.9		
Employment total, th pers., average	63812	63963	64327	64710	65650	65567 ²⁾	64983 ²⁾		
annual change in %	-1.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.5	2.6 2)	-0.9 ²⁾		
Employment in industry, th pers., average	14162	14297	14543	14692	14768				
annual change in %	-5.0	1.0	1.7	1.0	0.5	-		•	
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	1929.0	1263.4	1037.0	1122.7	1309.0	1203.4	1534.0	-	•
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period	2.7	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.1		
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average 3)	13.5	13.0	10.5	9.1	8.0	8.1	8.7	8.5	8
Average gross monthly wages, RUB	1051.5	1522.6	2223.4	3240.4	4413.6	4047.0	5048.0		
annual change in % (real, gross)	-13.3	-22.0	20.9	19.9	16.6	18.2	9.5		
Retail trade turnover, RUB bn	1077.0	1848.2	2416.2	3151.5	3861.7	1754.2	2141.3		
annual change in % (real)	-3.5	-6.3	8.8	10.6	8.9	8.3	8.7		
Consumer prices 0/ n c	27.6	05.7	20.0	21.6	16.0	16.0	14.2	1.1	10
Consumer prices, % p.a. Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	27.6 7.1	85.7 58.9	20.8 46.6	21.6 19.1	16.0 11.8	16.8 7.9	14.3 18.2	14 15	10 10
Froducer prices in industry, 76 p.a.	7.1	30.9	40.0	19.1	11.0	1.5	10.2	13	10
Central government budget, RUB bn									
Revenues	325.9	615.5	1132.1	1590.7	2202.2	991.1	1244.0		•
Expenditures	472.2	666.9	1029.2	1325.7	2046.0	828.3	1059.7	•	•
Deficit (-) / surplus (+) Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-146.3 -5.3	-51.4 -1.1	102.9 1.4	265.0 2.9	156.2 1.4	162.8 3.4	184.3 3.1	•	•
Deficit (-) / Surpius (+), // GDF	-5.5	-1.1	1.4	2.9	1.4	3.4	3.1	•	•
Money supply, RUB bn, end of period									
M1, Money	342.8	526.8	879.3	1192.6	1499.2	1254.5	1823.0	-	•
M2, Money + quasi money	628.6	984.9	1560.0	2122.7	2843.6	2356.8	3340.9	•	•
Refinancing rate of NB % p.a., end of per.	60	55	25	25	21	23	16	•	•
Current account, USD mn	219	24616	46839	34959	31091	14551	20381	40000	30000
Current account in % of GDP	0.1	12.6	18.0	11.3	9.0	9.4	11.0	10	7
Gross reserves of NB, excl. gold, USD mn	7801	8458	24264	32542	44054	39848	60691		•
Gross external debt, USD mn	189200	178600	161400	150800	152100	•	159.1	•	•
Exports total, fob, EUR mn 4)	66467	70820	113672	113748	113501	53155	56068	117000	118000
annual change in %	-13.3	6.5	60.5	0.1	-0.2	-7.6	5.5	3	1
Imports total, fob, EUR mn 4)	51798	37061	48552	60025	64521	30201	30123	65000	70000
annual change in %	-18.4	-28.5	31.0	23.6	7.5	8.9	-0.3	2	8
Average exchange rate RUB/USD	9.71	24.62	28.12	29.17	31.35	31.03	31.26	32	34
Average exchange rate RUB/EUR (ECU)	11.06	26.24	26.03	26.13	29.65	27.86	34.52	35	37
Purchasing power parity RUB/USD, wiiw	3.26	5.54	7.47	8.60	9.80			11.2	-
Purchasing power parity RUB/EUR, wiiw	3.55	6.04	8.19	9.42	10.60	•	•		

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) Based on Labour Force Survey data. - 3) In 1998 data refer to October. - 4) Based on balance of payments statistics, including estimate of non-registered trade. Converted from USD to EUR using the ECB EUR/USD foreign exchange reference rate.

Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

Slovakia: exports fuel high GDP growth

BY ZDENEK LUKAS

Slovakia's rising competitiveness, reflected in declining unit labour costs, has supported the robust economic expansion. Although the EU economy remains depressed, the Slovak GDP grew by 3.9% in the first half of 2003, thanks to exports rising by more than 20%. While in the previous year domestic demand, backed by rising real household incomes, had driven the GDP growth, this year foreign sales are the main driving force behind the economic expansion.

Domestic demand has been weak. Growth of private consumption decelerated in the course of the first half of 2003, reaching only 1.2%, while gross fixed capital formation fell by 1.1%. Hikes in regulated prices of housing, energy, water and public transport, enacted at the beginning of 2003, as well as higher excise taxes on fuels, beer and tobacco, in effect since 1 August 2003, are contributing to inflation. In the first eight months of 2003, consumer prices increased by 8% compared to 3.5% in the corresponding period a year earlier. Higher inflation has resulted in lower real wages and finally in the mentioned weakness of private consumption. In addition, the rising saving propensity has been reducing private demand which is reflected in the fall of real retail trade turnover by 6.8%.

Despite a certain deceleration in the last few months, gross industrial output rose by 6.9% in the first seven months of 2003 and labour productivity was up by more than 7%. Output of the transport equipment industry (VW Bratislava) increased by 19.8%, followed by rubber and plastic products (17.9%) as well as by production of electrical and optical equipment (13.6%). The composition of industrial output is shifting to higher-value-added branches, whose products have been selling well on the EU markets, despite economic gloom there.

The relatively strongly expanding economy is absorbing more labour, which results in falling unemployment. The registered unemployment rate dropped to 14.5% at the end of July 2003, the lowest rate since 1999. Part of the fall in unemployment is attributed to more rigorous registration rules. Last but not least, the new greenfield investments as well as the expansion of foreign-owned companies, operating in Slovakia for several years now, have resulted in creating more new jobs. However, the huge regional disparities have hardly changed. While economic activities of both domestic and foreign companies coupled with rising employment concentrate in the western region, the backward regions that are mostly located in Southern and Eastern Slovakia are stuck with unemployment rates of about 30%. Thus, despite remarkable improvements, the Slovak labour market features the largest regional disparities of all CEE accession countries.

The central government's deficit fell somewhat and accounted for 4.1% of GDP in twelve months cumulatively (1 September 2002 to 31 August 2003) as the growth of budgetary expenditures decelerated and revenues expanded due to higher taxes. However, in the coming years fiscal stability may be undermined by liabilities (mostly state guaranties), altogether accounting for more than 10% of GDP.

Driven mostly by the export performance, GDP will rise by 4% in 2003. The long overdue upturn in the EU may support the current high pace of exports also in 2004. In addition, domestic demand will gradually recover, and GDP growth is likely to accelerate to 5%. The price and tax adjustments will result in an inflation rate of 8% this year and of 7% in 2004. The current account deficit will drop substantially, to above 2% of GDP in 2003 and 2004, as the export boom will persist and the expensive imports of fuels will benefit from the weak US dollar. The largest challenge for the Slovak economy in the coming years will be to accommodate the accession to the EU in May 2004.

Table SK

Slovak Republic: Selected Economic Indicators

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 1)	2002 Januar	2003 ry-June	2003 fore	2004 cast
Population, th pers., mid-year	5390.7	5395.3	5400.7	5379.8	5378.6				
Gross domestic product, SKK bn, nom.	775.0	835.7	908.8	989.3	1073.6	517.6	564.0	1170	1280
annual change in % (real)	4.0	1.3	2.2	3.3	4.4	3.9	3.9	4	5
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate)	4080	3740	3642	3804	4403				
GDP/capita (USD at PPP - wiiw)	11070	11430	11280	12030	12820				
Gross industrial production	- 0				0.5	0.5		•	•
annual change in % (real) 2)	5.0	-2.7	8.6	6.9	6.5	3.5	7.6	8	8
Gross agricultural production			40.0						
annual change in % (real)	-5.9	-2.5	-12.3	8.2	5.5	•	-	•	•
Goods transport, mn t-kms	17808	19996	19829	18501	18182		-	•	•
annual change in %	0.8	12.3	-0.8	-6.7	-1.7	•		•	•
Gross fixed capital form., SKK bn, nom.	280.9	252.9	267.9	309.6	319.8	151.2	155.2		
annual change in % (real)	11.0	-18.5	1.2	9.6	-0.9	-0.3	-1.1	0	5
Construction industry									
annual change in % (real)	-3.5	-25.8	-0.4	0.8	4.1	1.5	1.8		
Dwellings completed, units	8234	10745	12931	10321	14213	5656	4723		
annual change in %	14.8	30.5	20.3	-20.2	37.7		-16.5		
Employment total, th pers., average 3)	2198.6	2132.1	2101.7	2123.7	2127.0	2109.4	2150.5		
annual change in %	-0.3	-3.0	-1.4	1.0	0.2	0.0	1.9	•	•
Employment in industry, th pers., average ³⁾	662.5	630.3	615.3	628.8	640.9	637.8	634.1	•	•
annual change in %	-0.5	-4.9	-2.4	2.2	1.9	2.5	-0.6	•	•
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	428.2	535.2	506.5	533.7	504.1	507.0	427.6	•	•
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period	15.6	19.2	17.9	18.6	17.5	17.6	14.6	14	13
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average	12.5	16.2	18.6	19.2	18.5	19.0	17.7	17	16
zi e anompioymone ato in 70, average			.0.0						
Average gross monthly wages, SKK	10003	10728	11430	12365	13511	12808	13600	•	
annual change in % (real, gross)	1.7	-2.8	-4.5	0.8	5.8	5.5	-1.5	•	
Retail trade turnover, SKK bn 4)	379.4	442.1	481.1	301.1	328.0	155.1	148.9		
annual change in % (real)	8.6	9.8	2.3	4.5	5.8	6.9	-6.8		
Consumer prices 0/ p.a.	6.7	10.6	10.0	7.1	2.2	2.0	7.8	8	7
Consumer prices, % p.a. Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	6.7 3.3	10.6 4.3	12.0 10.8	7.1 6.5	3.3 2.1	3.9 1.9	8.3	0	,
Producer prices in industry, 76 p.a.	3.3	4.5	10.0	0.5	2.1	1.9	0.5	•	•
Central government budget, SKK bn									
Revenues	177.8	216.7	213.5	205.4	220.4	102.8	100.9		
Expenditures	197.0	231.5	241.1	249.7	272.0	127.5	128.6		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+)	-19.2	-14.8	-27.6	-44.4	-51.6	-24.7	-27.6		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-2.5	-1.8	-3.0	-4.5	-4.8	-4.8	-4.9		
Money supply, SKK bn, end of period									
M1, Money	147.2	153.9	187.2	228.5	246.8	218.7	248.7		
M2, Money + quasi money	466.1	523.6	601.5	680.3	713.8	678.9	702.0		
Discount rate, % p.a., end of period	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	6.5	8.3	6.5		
Current account, USD mn	-1982	-980	-702	-1746	-1939	-868	-196.6	-700	-800
Current account in % of GDP	-9.0	-4.9	-3.6	-8.5	-8.2	-8.0	-1.3	-2.3	-2.4
Gross reserves of NB incl. gold, USD mn ⁵⁾	2923	3425	4077	4189	9196	4781	10488		
Gross external debt, USD mn	11900	10518	10804	11043	13188	12032	15332		
								•	•
Exports total, fob, EUR mn ⁶⁾	9540.6	9602.2	12879.5	14115.4	15252.3	7207.8	9053.3	19000	21900
annual growth rate in %	11.9	0.6	34.1	9.6	8.1	1.7	25.6	25	15
Imports total, fob, EUR mn ⁶⁾	11634.7	10627.7	13859.8	16487.8	17515.2	8184.0	9276.6	20000	23000
annual growth rate in %	12.3	-8.7	30.4	19.0	6.2	1.8	13.4	14	15
Average exchange rate SKK/USD	35.24	41.42	46.20	48.35	45.34	47.52	37.64	38	39
Average exchange rate SKK/EUR (ECU)	39.60	44.12	42.59	43.31	42.70	42.61	41.51	41.2	41
Purchasing power parity SKK/USD, wiiw	12.99	13.55	14.92	15.28	15.57			•	
Purchasing power parity SKK/EUR, wiiw	14.07	14.77	15.48	15.94	16.17				

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) From 1999 according to EU methodology. - 3) Based on Labour Force Survey. - 4) From 2001 according to NACE, excluding VAT. - 5) From January 2002 new valuation of gold. - 6) Converted from the national currency to EUR at the official exchange rate; from 1998 new methodology.

Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

Slovenia: GDP growth is slowing down

BY HERMINE VIDOVIC

Economic results point to a weak performance in 2003. GDP growth is still slowing down, to just 2.2% in the first half of 2003. Growth was primarily the outcome of increased domestic demand, while foreign demand remained sluggish. Increasing investments exerted a positive impact on growth in construction activities. Industrial (manufacturing) output was nearly stagnant in the first seven months. Only a few sub-sectors recorded an increase in output, such as manufacture of coke, petroleum and nuclear fuel and electrical and optical equipment. Labour-intensive industries, comprising the leather and textile industries but also the wood industry, suffered from substantial declines in both production and employment.

Inflation, still high by 'acceding countries' standards, has been slowly declining over the recent months: in the period January to August consumer prices rose by 5.9% on average, the August-to-August inflation rate was 5.5%.

Resulting largely from methodological changes in coverage, registered unemployment fell slightly between February and June but was up again in July when an 11.1% unemployment rate was reported. These movements coincide with the results obtained from the labour force survey, posting a 6.6% unemployment rate in the second quarter, down from 7% in the first quarter of the year. Employment was falling steadily from December and increased somewhat in June – reporting a slight cumulated decline as compared to the first half of 2002.

Foreign trade activities, in particular exports, have lost momentum during 2003. The euro value of total exports and imports rose by some 2% and 5% respectively in the first six months of the year. Exports to the EU increased at a below-average rate, while deliveries to the country's most

important trading partner, Germany, fell by nearly 4% and to France even by 18%. Trade with the successor states of Yugoslavia and with Russia – backing the export expansion in 2002 – remained almost stagnant in 2003. The resulting increase in the trade deficit translated into a turnaround in the current account to a EUR 53 million deficit in the first seven months, as against a surplus of EUR 200 million in the same period of last year. Foreign direct investments, after reaching their so far highest level in 2002, were close to zero during the first seven months of 2003. At the same time, Slovenian investments abroad, in particular in the successor states of Yugoslavia, reached some EUR 140 million over the reporting period.

Foreign debt soared in the first half of 2003, up about EUR 1 billion as against end-2002, mainly due to rising foreign loans to the banking sector. By the end of June, out of the EUR 12.6 billion debt (about 50% of the country's GDP) the public sector accounted for 19.4% and the banking sector for about 24%, while 'other sectors' and direct investment (inter-company lending) for 15% and 11% respectively. Despite the increasing debt service burden in the coming two years, debt repayment will present no problem.

Arguing that the current economic situation was 'not conducive to sale', the Slovenian authorities have just recently suspended the privatization of the country's three largest steelworks (Acroni Jesenice, Metal Ravne and Nozi Ravne). Further privatizations (insurance, railway, telecom) are so far still in the process of discussion/implementation.

Prospects for 2003 remain suppressed. Based on recent developments and the assumption of a slight upturn in the closing months of the year, GDP may grow by 2.5% at best. In 2004 higher growth may only come about should the business climate in the European Union (in particular Germany) improve. Inflation will slow down at a moderate pace in 2003 and reach some 4.5% on average in 2004. In contrast to our earlier-made forecast (expecting a surplus) the current account is likely to close with a small deficit in 2003.

Table SI

	Slove	nia: Sele	ected Ec	onomic	Indicators	;			
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 1)	2002 Januar	2003 ry-June	2003 fore	2004 ecast
Population, th pers., mid-year	1982.6	1985.6	1990.3	1992.0	1995.7	1995.7			
Gross domestic product, SIT bn, nom.	3253.8	3648.4	4222.4	4740.1	5275.8	2574.3	2771	5710	6180
annual change in % (real)	3.8	5.2	4.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.5	3.5
GDP/capita (USD at exchange rate)	9878	10109	9527	9802	11004	5156.6	•		
GDP/capita (USD at PPP -wiiw)	14840	15810	16850	17730	18430			•	
Gross industrial production									
annual change in % (real)	3.7	-0.5	6.2	2.9	2.4	2.1	0.2	0.5	2
Gross agricultural production									
annual change in % (real)	2.2	-1.3	2.4						
Goods transport, mn t-kms 2)	36733	40041	37003	41317	36287	18198	17300		
annual change in %	-3.0	9.0	-7.6	2.9	-12.2	-12.4	-4.9		
Gross fixed capital form., SIT bn, nom.	800.6	999.2	1085.9	1136.8	1193.2	580.8			
annual change in % (real)	11.3	19.1	0.2	-0.4	1.3	2.6	6.7	6	6
Construction output, in effect. working time									
annual change in % (real)	1.7	10.2	-1.2	-2.1	-3.4	-5.7	-3.1		
Dwellings completed, units	6518	5142	6460	6421	-	•	•	•	•
annual change in %	7.1	-21.1	25.6	-0.6		•		•	
Employment total, th pers., average	745.2	758.5	768.2	779.0	783.5	783.1	778.2		
annual change in %	0.2	1.8	1.3	1.4	0.6	1.2	-0.6		
Employees in industry, th pers., average	246.2	242.8	241.6	243.5	246.1	246.7	242.7		
annual change in %	-0.9	-1.4	-0.5	0.8	1.1	1.1	-2.0		
Reg. unemployed, th pers, end of period	126.6	114.3	104.6	104.3	99.6	100.1	94.4		•
Reg. unemployment rate in %, end of period	14.6	13.0	12.0	11.8	11.3	11.3	10.8	10.5	10
LFS - unemployment rate in %, average	7.9	7.6	7.0	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.8	6.5	6
Average gross monthly wages, SIT	158069	173245	191669	214561	235436	227621	246127		
annual change in % (real, net)	1.5	3.0	1.4	3.1	2.1	1.7	2.0		
Retail trade turnover, SIT bn 3)	1346.7	1555.0	1557.4	1684.8					
annual change in % (real) 4)	2.1	2.9	7.4	7.8	4.7	3.6	5.5		
Consumer prices, % p.a.	7.9	6.1	8.9	8.4	7.5	7.8	6.0	5.5	4.5
Producer prices in industry, % p.a.	6.0	2.1	7.6	8.9	5.1	5.7	2.8		
General government budget, SIT bn									
Revenues	1397.9	1590.0	1726.7	1967.8	2083.9	924.7	1146.8		
Expenditures	1423.5	1613.3	1781.4	2031.0	2241.5	1099.0	1203.9		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+)	-25.6	-23.3	-54.7	-63.2	-157.6	-174.3	-57.1		
Deficit (-) / surplus (+), % GDP	-0.8	-0.6	-1.4	-1.4	-3.0	-6.8	-2.1		
Money supply, SIT bn, end of period									
M1, Money	332.7	399.8	424.0	502.2	563.4	524.1	643.8		
Broad money	1690.3	1912.9	2206.4	2877.4	3372.9	3025.5	3420.9		
Discount rate % p.a., end of period 5)	10.0	8.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	7.8	5.5		
Current account, USD mn	-118.0	-698.4	-547.6	30.9	375.0	145.5	-59.3	-50	-50
Current account in % of GDP	-0.6	-3.5	-2.9	0.2	1.7	1.4		-0.2	-0.2
Gross reserves of NB excl. gold, USD mn	3638.5	3168.0	3196.0	4329.9	6980.2	5384.8	7867.9		
Gross external debt, USD mn	4915	5400	6217	6717	8799	7785	10206 May		
Exports total, fob, EUR mn 6)	8051.9	8037.0	9505.1	10348.7	10965.9	5459.1	5586.4	11300	11800
annual growth rate in %	8.6	-0.2	18.3	8.9	6.0	4.8	2.3	3	4
Imports total, cif, EUR mn 6)	8999.4	9482.0	10995.7	11345.4	11577.8	5762.6	6074.1	12000	12400
annual growth rate in %	8.6	5.4	16.0	3.2	2.0	0.7	5.4	4	3
Average exchange rate SIT/USD	166.13	181.77	222.68	242.75	240.24	250.15	210.47	213	218
Average exchange rate SIT/EUR (ECU)	186.27	193.63	205.03	217.19	226.22	224.10	232.12	234	240
Purchasing power parity SIT/USD, wiiw	110.56	116.20	125.91	134.23	143.43				
Purchasing power parity SIT/EUR, wiiw	120.39	126.58	137.94	147.10	155.08				

Notes: 1) Preliminary. - 2) From 2001 new methodology in road transport. - 3) Including turnover tax; goods transport services, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles are not covered. - 4) Excluding turnover tax; maintenance and repair of motor vehicles are included. - 5) Quarterly data refer to main refinancing rate. - 6) Converted from the national currency to EUR at the official exchange rate.

Source: wiiw Database incorporating national statistics; wiiw forecasts.

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CONVENTIONAL SIGNS AND ABBREVIATIONS

used in the following section on monthly statistical data

data not available

% per cent

CMPY change in % against corresponding month of previous year

CCPY change in % against cumulated corresponding period of previous year

(e.g., under the heading 'March': January-March of the current year against January-March

of the preceding year)

3MMA 3-month moving average, change in % against previous year.

CPI consumer price index

PM change in % against previous month

PPI producer price index

p.a. per annummn millionbn billion

BGN Bulgarian lev (1 BGN = 1000 BGL)

CZK Czech koruna

ECU European currency unit EUR Euro, from 1 January 1999

HRK Croatian kuna HUF Hungarian forint PLN Polish zloty ROL Romanian leu

RUB Russian rouble (1 RUB = 1000 RUR)

SIT Slovenian tolar SKK Slovak koruna UAH Ukrainian hryvnia

USD US dollar

M0 currency outside banks
M1 M0 + demand deposits
M2 M1 + quasi-money

Sources of statistical data:

National statistical offices and central banks; wiiw estimates.

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B U L G A R I A: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 May Oct Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Mav Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total1) real, CMPY 4.5 7.6 12.0 4.6 9.7 5.6 9.9 4.0 15.4 15.4 23.4 11.9 9.6 15.4 12.2 Industry, total1) real, CCPY 0.3 1.5 3.0 3.2 4.0 4.1 4.7 4.6 15.4 15.4 18.2 16.4 15.0 15.0 14.5 Industry, total real, 3MMA 7.8 8 1 8.0 8.7 66 8.4 64 9.4 11.0 18 2 16.8 147 12.0 12 1 I AROUR Employees total th. persons 1906 1913 1918 1914 1925 1917 1919 1911 1939 1988 2013 2049 2062 2079 Employees in industry th. persons 651 651 652 652 657 652 650 642 661 669 671 676 673 674 Unemployment, end of period 644.7 624.9 602.5 581.3 506.4 489.3 480.9 673.8 659.0 653.3 650.0 644.3 646.8 611.7 552.0 528.7 th. persons Unemployment rate² 176 17 2 176 17.5 174 17 4 16.9 16.3 17.5 16.5 15.7 149 14.3 13 7 132 13.0 Labour productivity, industry¹⁾ CCPY -0.7 0.5 1.7 1.7 21 2.0 2.4 2.2 13.6 12.7 14.9 12.9 11.5 11.4 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR)1) CCPY 6.0 3.1 2.9 2.1 2.0 1.4 1.5 -7.6 -8.1 -9.4 -7.9 -6.9 -6.7 WAGES, SALARIES BGN 269.0 265.0 267.0 265.0 272.0 271.0 272.0 282.0 270.0 265.0 280.0 280.0 287.0 281.0 Total economy, gross Total economy, gross real, CMPY -0.9 -0.8 1.6 2.3 2.2 3.7 3.4 0.6 5.7 4.9 5.8 6.6 4.8 4.7 Total economy, gross USD 126 129 135 132 136 136 139 147 147 146 155 155 170 168 **EUR** 138 135 137 135 139 139 139 144 138 135 143 143 147 144 Total economy, gross Industry, gross USD 126 134 138 140 147 147 146 158 152 164 171 136 135 135 **PRICES** PM -2.1 -0.7 0.8 1.0 0.7 -0.6 0.9 0.8 -1.7 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.3 -2.2 Consumer 1.2 Consumer CMPY 6.9 5.2 5.5 45 40 32 32 3.8 1.7 0.2 -0.2 0.2 1.7 12 20 3.5 Consumer CCPY 8.1 7.6 7.0 6.6 6.3 5.8 1.7 0.6 0.5 0.8 0.8 1.0 7.3 6.0 1.0 1.3 Producer, in industry¹ PM -0.6 -0.5 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.6 -0.5 1.4 1.8 1.4 1.0 -3.6 -1.1 1.2 0.4 Producer, in industry1 CMPY 0.4 -0.20.4 0.7 1.0 2.8 2.9 6.3 7.7 8.0 8.0 3.1 2.6 4.3 4.3 Producer in industry¹ CCPY 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.3 7.7 7.9 79 6.7 5.9 5.6 5.4 FOREIGN TRADE³⁾⁴ Exports total (fob), cumulated EUR mn 2292 2828 3440 3971 4511 5046 5586 6063 531 1034 1633 2172 2685 3247 3869 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 3209 3877 4634 5272 5949 6724 7542 8411 649 1315 2082 2940 3778 4535 5406 Trade balance, cumulated EUR mn -1194 -1438 -1678 -2348 -118 -449 -767 -1288 -1537 -917 -1049 -1301 -1956 -281 -1093 FOREIGN FINANCE USD mn Current account, cumulated -477 -384 -268 -107 -56 -198 -378 -679 -165 -320 -412 -794 -1011 -982 **EXCHANGE RATE** BGN/USD, monthly average nominal 2.131 2.048 1.972 2.000 1.995 1.994 1.953 1 924 1.842 1.816 1.810 1.804 1.684 1.677 1.720 1 756 BGN/EUR, monthly average nominal 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 1.956 BGN/USD, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real, Jan98=100 98.0 95.0 92.2 87.3 82.8 102.4 100.2 96.5 98.8 97.1 88.0 87.3 86.5 81.1 84.2 85.3 BGN/USD, calculated with PPI⁵ real. Jan98=100 95.4 92.2 88.7 89.6 88.8 88.9 87.4 84.8 81.2 80.4 81.5 81.5 76.9 76.4 77.9 BGN/FUR calculated with CPI⁵ real .lan98=100 85 1 86.6 86 4 87 1 86.6 86.0 85.9 85 84.7 84 9 84 8 84 7 85.3 87 2 86 4 85.7 BGN/EUR, calculated with PPI⁵⁾ real, Jan98=100 81.7 81.0 80.2 79.9 78.9 77.2 76.6 79.7 78.7 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period⁶ BGN mn 2781 2828 2900 2997 3022 2998 2987 3335 3113 3132 3088 3200 3248 3356 3483 M1, end of period⁶⁾ BGN mn 4750 4936 5087 5583 5789 4475 4403 4589 4805 4804 5543 5141 5235 5272 5371 6055 Broad money, end of period⁶⁾ RGN mn 12359 12335 12696 12998 13094 13227 13432 14146 13739 13933 13812 14062 14095 14515 14973 15447 Broad money, end of period CMPY 19.1 15.8 15.6 17.0 15.7 16.2 15.1 12.3 9.8 11.3 10.5 11.3 14.1 17.7 17.9 18.8 BNB base rate (p.a.),end of period 4.0 3.8 3.8 3.3 2.5 2.5 2.6 3.0 2.5 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.0 2.5 2.6 BNB base rate (p.a.),end of period -2.7 3.6 4.0 3.3 3.1 2.8 1.0 0.9 -4.8 -5.1 -5.1 -0.1 0.4 -1.7 -1.7 real. % BUDGET

RGN mn

511.1

5219

523.8

577 9

658 4

823 5

697.8

3.4 -85.7 -132.8

90.8 284.0

6097

582 0

6124

Central gov.budget balance,cum

¹⁾ According to new calculation for industrial output and prices.

²⁾ Ratio of unemployed to the economically active, from July 2002 according to new labour force base.

³⁾ Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate.

⁴⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year

⁵⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁶⁾ According to International Accounting Standards.

⁷⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

CROATIA: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total1) real, CMPY 3.9 -2.1 10.5 12.7 9.4 9.9 8.3 0.7 6.9 6.0 6.2 7.0 1.3 8.2 4.4 3.1 Industry, total1) real, CCPY 3.1 2.2 3.4 4.2 4.8 5.2 5.5 0.7 3.8 4.6 5.5 5.7 5.9 5.7 5.3 3.1 Industry, total¹⁾ real, 3MMA 25 4 0 32 82 7.8 10.6 92 6.4 5.3 46 7 0 6.8 7 1 5.8 48 Construction, total,effect.work.time1) real, CMPY 15.2 17.8 28.2 26.9 29.3 24.3 11.7 7.2 17.1 11.5 15.9 12.7 10.8 9.6 30.9 LABOUR Employment total 1359.1 1370.2 1378.8 1380.3 1375.1 1367.4 1361.8 1351.4 1343.0 1337.4 1338.8 1351.2 1360.2 1372.6 1381.8 th. persons 277.1 276.0 275.1 274.7 272. 274.0 273.5 274.0 274.0 Employees in industry 278.4 276.0 275.6 275.4 273.5 273.6 th. persons Unemployment, end of period th persons 394 1 385.0 382 8 379 7 375.8 375.0 369 7 366.2 367 1 362 6 355.8 345.3 330.9 3197 314 2 306.6 Unemployment rate²⁾ % 22.5 21.9 21.7 21.6 21.5 21.5 21.4 21.3 21.5 213 210 20.4 19.6 18.9 18.5 Labour productivity, industry¹⁾ CCPY 6.8 6.0 7.3 7.1 8.3 9.0 9.5 9.8 1.7 5.0 6.0 7.0 7.2 7.4 7.1 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR)1 CCPY -0.4 0.7 0.2 0.3 -1.8 6.5 2.4 0.1 -2.8 -3.0 1.6 -1.0 -1.5 -1.7 WAGES, SALARIES Total economy, gross HRK 5447 5498 5475 5507 5374 5433 5398 5289 5687 5527 5375 5541 5671 5705 Total economy, gross real, CMPY 4.0 5.2 4.8 4.7 6.7 5.6 4.7 4.5 5.4 5.3 3.1 2.6 2.1 5.0 682 USD 698 734 716 707 719 762 753 780 764 771 795 885 Total economy, gross 866 Total economy, gross **EUR** 746 732 739 732 720 733 762 741 737 709 714 752 757 734 USD 644 Industry, gross 634 682 652 642 661 708 692 720 697 705 730 805 820 **PRICES** Retail PM 0.2 0.1 -04 -0.1 0.5 0.5 -0.3 0 . 0.4 0.2 0.4 -04 02 0.1 0.0 0.1 Retail CMPY 2.2 1.5 2.3 1.6 0.9 1.8 2.3 1.3 2.1 2.0 1.7 1.7 0.9 1.1 1.5 1.7 CCPY 2.6 2.5 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.2 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 Producer, in industry PM 0.2 0.3 0.5 -0.1 0.4 1.4 -0.6 -0.1 0.5 0.4 0.8 -0.9 -0.8 0.2 0.2 0.5 Producer, in industry CMPY -1.2 -1.0 0.2 0.7 0.4 1.6 1.5 2.3 2.9 2.7 47 2.8 1.8 17 1.4 2.0 Producer, in industry CCPY -2.1 -1.9 -1.6 -1.3 -1.1 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 2.9 2.8 3.4 3.3 3.0 2.8 2.5 2.5 RETAIL TRADE real, CMPY Turnover 12.0 9.1 19.3 14.4 14.0 12.1 10.8 9.8 7.5 1.1 13.3 6.5 5.2 0.7 real, CCPY Turnover 12.1 11.6 12.7 12.8 13.0 13.0 12.7 12.5 7.5 8.0 5.7 7.6 7.3 7.0 6.1 FOREIGN TRADE³⁾⁴ EUR mn 2525 3404 3840 4719 379 1761 2692 3170 Exports total (fob), cumulated 2144 3060 4324 5187 904 1364 2214 7189 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 4458 5442 6557 7347 8325 9428 10388 11324 715 1681 2752 3858 4994 5082 Trade balance, cumulated EUR mn -2314 -2916 -3497 -3943 -4485 -5104 -5668 -613 -335 -777 -1388 -2097 -2780 -3289 4018 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 2122 2732 467 1188 1405 1735 1913 2327 2538 209 741 1233 1495 1785 955 Imports from EU (cif), cumulated EUR mn 2428 2971 3620 4043 4679 5260 5797 6327 387 946 1544 2159 2847 3411 4153 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn -1240 -1566 -1885 -2130 -2557 -2933 -3259 -3595 -178 -479 -803 -1205 -1614 -1916 -2369 FORFIGN FINANCE USD mn Current account, cumulated -1653 -65 -1606 -997 **EXCHANGE RATE** HRK/USD, monthly average nominal 8.072 7.697 7.405 7.542 7.484 7.571 7.464 7.298 7.082 7.032 7.099 6.966 6.549 6.443 6.591 HRD/EUR, monthly average 7.378 7.344 7.350 7.377 7.347 7.427 7.468 7.500 7.584 7.663 7.554 7.542 7.536 7.498 7.515 nominal 7.423 HRK/USD, calculated with CPI5) real .lan98=100 116.5 1111 107 4 109.8 108 6 1096 108.4 105.5 102 4 102.3 103.5 1017 95.3 93.8 96 1 98 1 HRK/USD, calculated with PPI⁵ real, Jan98=100 116.9 111.2 106.8 109.1 108.5 109.1 108.1 105.6 103.9 104.5 107.5 103.0 97.5 96.6 98.5 100.2 HRD/EUR, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real. Jan98=100 96.3 95.7 96.1 96.7 96.1 96.8 97.8 97.4 98.1 99.4 100.3 99.5 99.1 99.0 98.4 98.6 HRD/EUR, calculated with PPI⁵ real. Jan98=100 99.7 98.8 99.2 98.4 98.1 98.6 98.0 97.8 98.6 98.3 99.3 100.4 100.8 99.8 100.0 99.0 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period HRK mn 9277 9904 10288 10296 9680 9507 9348 9681 9468 9605 9526 9813 10078 10637 11294 M1, end of period HRK mn 26716 28254 28947 29502 28914 29090 29092 30870 29412 29456 29512 30294 32002 32828 3/1382 HRK mn Broad money, end of period 106445 06593 109734 113037 13275 114826 114261 16142 116615 117209 17854 119105 120022 125023 Broad money, end of period CMPY 36.8 33.8 33.8 28.8 28.2 27.4 20.3 7.3 11.8 10.8 12.6 13.9 9.5 9.4 11.9 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period 5.9 5.9 5.9 5.9 5.9 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period 6) 7.2 7.0 5.7 5.5 2.9 3.0 2.2 1.6 -0.2 2.7 2.8 3.1 2.5 real, % 5.2 1.8 1.7 BUDGET Central gov. budget balance, cum. 7)8) HRK mn -2840.4 -2935.0 -2256.7 -2437.9 -2816.6 -2374.4 -2723.5 -3871.9 -649.4 -1625.9 -2718.6 -2837.2 -4007.7

¹⁾ In business entities with more than 20 persons employed.

²⁾ Ratio of unemployed to the economically active population.

³⁾ Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate

⁴⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁵⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁶⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

⁷⁾ From July 2001 pension payments are included.

⁸⁾ From January 2002 including social security funds.

CZECH REPUBLIC: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mai Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total real, CMPY 10.8 -2.8 9.2 3.5 6.6 6.4 5.2 7.0 3.2 6.2 5.1 1.3 4.4 5.6 4.8 Industry, total real, CCPY 5.2 4.5 5.3 4.3 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.8 6.4 5.8 6.2 6.1 5.5 5.6 5.5 Industry, total real, 3MMA 49 5.5 28 5.5 33 5.5 47 5.7 6 1 62 59 5.3 5.0 47 real, CMPY 12.1 15.9 Construction, total 5.0 -1.5 -1.3 -4.9 6.7 3.5 3.5 4.8 -2.2 -4.0 2.5 3.3 -0.9 LABOUR Employees in industry¹⁾ th. persons 1158 1156 1159 1152 1145 1141 1139 1130 1135 1138 1138 1134 1129 1127 1133 Unemployment, end of period 454.3 488.3 492.9 486.7 489.8 514.4 539.0 538.1 528.2 496.8 501.0 520.4 525.0 447.9 479.2 509.4 th. persons Unemployment rate % 86 8.7 92 94 94 93 93 9.8 10.2 102 100 96 94 95 99 10.0 Labour productivity, industry 1)3) CCPY 4.5 3.8 5.3 4.3 5.1 5.1 5.6 5.8 12.1 9.8 9.4 9.6 8.6 91 8.5 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR) 1)3) CCPY 13.4 13.9 12.8 13.4 12.8 12.5 11.6 10.8 -4.2 -3.7 -4.2 -5.1 -4.7 -5.2 -5.2 WAGES, SALARIES Industry, gross CZK 15949 15371 15680 14998 14759 15723 17671 16861 15443 14326 15184 15797 16728 16388 16562 Industry, gross real, CMPY 2.9 2.7 6.8 4.2 5.7 5.2 3.2 7.0 5.8 4.0 4.9 5.4 4.8 6.3 5.8 Industry, gross¹ USD 479 484 523 476 479 503 575 550 521 488 517 542 617 608 591 EUR 522 507 527 487 489 513 575 541 490 453 478 500 533 522 520 Industry, gross¹ **PRICES** Consume PM -0.1 -0.3 0.5 -0.2 -0.5 -0.3 -0.2 0.2 0.6 0.2 -0.1 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.1 -0.2 CMPY 0.6 -0.4 -0.1 Consumer 2.5 1.2 0.6 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.6 -0.4 -0.4 -0.1 0.0 0.3 -0.1 Consumer CCPY 34 3.0 27 24 22 21 1.9 1.8 -04 -04 -0 4 -0.3 -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 Producer, in industry -0.2 -0.1 -0.4 -0.1 0.0 0.6 -0.1 -0.3 0.0 0.3 -0.8 -0.3 -0.2 PM 0.4 -0.2 0.1 Producer, in industry CMPY -0.5 -0.8 -1.1 -0.9 -0.9 -0.9 -0.7 -0.7 -0.8 -0.7 -0.4 -0.7 -0.8 -0.9 -0.6 -0.5 Producer, in industry CCPY -0.1 -0.2-0.3 -0.4 -0.4 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.8 -0.7 -0.6 -0.6 -0.7 -0.7 -0.7 -0.7 RETAIL TRADE Turnover real, CMPY 3.3 -N 4 6.5 -3.8 6.5 19 0.8 4.2 42 4.3 1.3 6.6 2.4 7.5 6.4 Turnover real, CCPY 4.2 3.4 3.8 2.9 3.3 3.2 2.9 3.0 4.2 4.3 3.3 4.1 3.7 4.3 4.7 FOREIGN TRADE⁴⁾⁵⁾ Exports total (fob),cumulated 3439 EUR mn 16906 20274 23534 26368 30092 33908 37752 40705 6775 10543 14224 17818 21357 24820 27861 Imports total (fob),cumulated EUR mn 17560 20994 24557 27564 31416 35481 39516 43019 3456 6860 10681 14607 18279 21919 25758 29016 EUR mn Trade balance.cumulated -653 -719 -1022 -1196 -1324 -1573 -1765 -2314 -17 -85 -137 -383 -461 -562 -937 -1155 25878 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 11794 14128 16329 18243 20770 23289 27844 2456 4824 7498 10101 12617 15070 17460 19527 Imports from EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 10745 12867 15085 16879 19153 21540 23890 2589 1986 4012 6300 8600 10827 13041 15423 17294 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn 1048 1261 1244 1364 1617 1750 1987 1946 470 812 1198 1790 2029 2037 2233 1501 FOREIGN FINANCE Current account, cumulated USD mn -2034 -2893 -1706 -3196 -4523 -224 -467 -901 -1619 8 CZK/USD, monthly average 31.2 30.7 nominal 33.3 31.7 30.0 31.5 30.8 30.7 29.7 29.4 29.4 29.2 27.1 26.9 28.0 29.0 CZK/EUR, monthly average nominal 30.6 30.3 29.7 30.8 30.2 30.7 30.8 31.2 31.5 31.6 31.8 31.6 31.4 31.4 31.9 32.3 CZK/USD, calculated with CPI⁶⁾ real, Jan98=100 90.9 86.9 81.7 86.3 85.0 86.7 85.4 84.8 81.9 81.6 82.2 81.2 75.3 75.0 78.1 80.9 CZK/USD, calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real, Jan98=100 89.7 85.6 81.4 85.8 84.4 84.4 84.3 83.1 83.4 85.4 82.7 77.4 83.3 85.8 77.0 80.6 CZK/EUR, calculated with CPI⁶⁾ real .lan98=100 754 75.0 73 2 76.0 75 1 76.6 77 1 78.3 78.7 792 798 79.5 78.9 79 0 80.0 812 CZK/EUR, calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real, Jan98=100 76.5 75.8 74.8 77.6 76.2 77.0 77.0 78.5 79.6 80.0 80.3 80.2 79.5 79.6 81.0 81.9 DOMESTIC FINANCE 198.6 M0, end of period CZK bn 184.9 188.5 185.6 190.5 192.2 195.1 197.8 197.6 201.7 205.9 208.5 211.4 215.2 216.2 M1, end of period CZK bn 605.0 617.5 619.2 639.6 647.4 658.0 669.8 692.3 671.9 688.9 683.6 699.2 718.4 732.7 M2, end of period CZK bn 1625.0 1580.5 1594.6 1622.3 1605.6 1635.8 1646.6 1647.3 1643.1 1643.6 1621.8 1656.5 1658.5 1646.4 1683.8 M2 end of period **CMPY** 7 4 44 43 48 48 62 5.2 3 2 33 3.7 25 3 1 2.1 42 5.6 % 2.75 2.75 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 1.75 1.75 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.25 1.25 1.00 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period Discount rate (p.a.),end of period 7) 2.9 2.3 real. % 3.3 3.6 3.1 2.9 2.9 2.4 2.4 2.3 1.9 2.2 2.1 1.9 1.5 BUDGET Central gov.budget balance,cum. CZK mn -32401 -915 -26854 -32956 -21434 -32321 -41726 -45715 -10392 -24941 -31840 -64422 -74586 -53399 -62110

¹⁾ Enterprises employing 20 and more persons.

²⁾ Ratio of job applicants to the sum of economically active, women on maternity leave and job applicants.

³⁾ Calculation based on industrial sales index (at constant prices).

Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate.

⁵⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁶⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁷⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

HUNGARY: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total real, CMPY 9.6 -2.7 10.2 -1.7 10.5 4.5 0.6 6.8 2.5 4.4 4.4 -4.6 4.4 3.9 5.6 Industry, total real, CCPY -0.1 0.7 1.9 1.3 2.3 1.9 2.1 2.7 4.5 2.5 4.0 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.1 Industry, total real, 3MMA 1 4 29 3.7 5.8 19 39 39 6.2 5.1 4 0 34 46 37 48 real, CMPY 23.8 19.2 -20.8 -20.0 -9.7 11.9 0.2 Construction, total 22.9 13.2 15.4 9.2 9.8 8.1 3.5 7.2 LABOUR Employees in industry¹⁾ 816.9 815.3 818.8 811.4 809.7 810.9 812.6 803.5 804.8 805.9 805.7 803.2 801.4 804.4 804.0 th. persons Unemployment²⁾ 229.4 245.5 242.9 244.2 249.4 258.7 264.7 250.8 241.2 238.7 230.0 241.4 242.7 245.1 257.0 th. persons Unemployment rate % 56 5.6 59 59 59 5.9 59 5.0 6.0 6.3 64 62 6.0 5.8 5.7 Labour productivity, industry1) CCPY 20 3 1 4.4 3.5 47 44 4.6 5. 8.3 6.4 7.7 82 7.8 6.6 6.8 Unit labour costs, exch.r, adi.(EUR)1 CCPY 20.8 17.8 15.7 15.8 14.4 14.5 13.7 13.1 3.4 3.7 1.7 0.8 1.0 0.9 -0.1 WAGES, SALARIES HUF 118160 118892 116563 113353 120578 126779 142460 62862 136063 123209 126998 129628 132852 134952 132785 Total economy, gross¹ Total economy, gross1) real, CMPY 13.5 11.7 12.5 11.2 16.0 13.8 9.5 13.7 15.5 8.3 6.5 9.2 8.5 8.8 8.9 Total economy, gross¹⁾ USD 445 468 469 452 485 511 600 702 602 542 559 573 626 603 572 485 490 473 462 494 520 598 567 503 517 528 540 517 503 Total economy, gross¹⁾ **EUR** 690 Industry, gross USD 455 453 470 461 456 474 522 536 619 550 568 579 505 547 565 **PRICES** PM -0.3 0.6 -0.3 0.5 -0.4 -0.1 0.6 0.0 0.1 1.2 0.8 0.9 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 Consumer Consumer CMPY 5.6 48 46 45 46 49 4.8 4.8 4.7 45 47 39 3.6 4.3 4.7 47 Consumer CCPY 5.9 5.4 5.4 5.3 4.7 4.6 4.3 4.4 6.1 5.7 5.5 5.3 4.6 4.4 4.3 4.4 Producer, in industry PM 0.1 -0.5 0.2 0.0 -0.1 -0.1 -1.3 -0.3 1.1 1.1 0.6 -0.7 -0.6 2.5 0.7 CMPY Producer, in industry -2.0 -1.1 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8 -1.5 -1.9 -1.3 -0.1 0.9 1.2 0.1 -0.5 2.3 2.7 Producer, in industry CCPY -2.4 -2.2 -2.0 -1.9 -1.9 -1.8 -1.8 -1.8 -0.1 0.4 0.7 0.5 0.3 0.6 0.9 RETAIL TRADE real, CMPY Turnover² 12.3 13.5 8.3 8.1 8.6 10.1 7.8 8.7 12.7 7.9 5.4 14.6 5.1 6.4 9.6 Turnover³⁾ real, CCPY 13.3 13.3 12.5 11.8 11.4 11.3 10.9 10.7 12.7 10.2 8.4 10.1 8.9 8.5 8.6 FOREIGN TRADE⁴⁾⁵⁾ Exports total (fob), cumulated EUR mn 15305 18427 23979 27195 33872 36537 2713 5527 8801 11826 14704 17699 20729 21364 30527 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 16484 19734 29303 9768 20094 23117 25944 33112 36684 39955 2984 6225 13370 16770 23702 Trade balance, cumulated EUR mn -1179 -1307 -1752 -1965 -2108 -2584 -2811 -3418 -271 -699 -967 -1544 -2066 -2395 -2973 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 11618 13941 16183 18124 20517 22997 25538 27452 1953 4135 6435 8864 11007 13205 15410 Imports from EU (cif), cumulated EUR mn 14746 9271 11133 13177 16620 18756 20756 22476 1570 3407 5425 7441 9506 11389 13439 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn 2348 2808 3006 3378 3897 4242 4783 4977 383 728 1010 1423 1501 1816 1971 FOREIGN FINANCE Current account, cumulated6 USD mn -837 -1086 -1338 -1317 -1369 -1697 -2007 -2655 -213 -671 -912 -1555 -1909 -2571 -3035 **EXCHANGE RATE** HUF/USD, monthly average 265.8 254 1 248.6 250.9 248 7 248.2 237.6 231.9 226.1 227.5 227.3 226.3 212.2 223.7 232 1 232 8 nominal HUF/EUR, monthly average nominal 243.7 242.7 246.6 245.1 243.9 243.6 238.1 236. 240.2 245.1 245.6 245.6 245.9 261.1 264.0 HUF/USD, calculated with CPI7) real. Jan98=100 97.9 94.0 92.2 93.6 92.4 91.8 87.9 85.5 83.2 82.9 76.7 80.9 83.8 84.3 82.7 82.2 HUF/USD, calculated with PPI7 real .lan98=100 106.2 102 1 100.0 101 2 101 0 101 7 98.5 96 2 94 6 95.8 976 94.8 89.3 92 7 95.4 HUF/EUR, calculated with CPI71 real. Jan98=100 81.3 81.3 82.6 82.4 81.8 81.3 79.6 79. 79.6 80.9 80.6 80.6 80.5 85.4 86.0 84.8 HUF/EUR, calculated with PPI real. Jan98=100 90.1 90.8 91.9 92.0 95.6 96.0 90.6 90.6 92.0 91.5 91.3 89.8 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period⁶ 1153.5 1181.8 1180.5 1197.7 HUF bn 1077.1 1100.7 1136.2 1149.4 1161.7 1191.5 1168.3 1237.7 1249.2 1287.0 1296.6 M1, end of period8 HUF bn 3073.2 3116 1 3158 0 32486 3220 6 3274 0 3406 6 3645.3 3450 4 3417 0 3446.9 3513 6 35896 3705 5 3711 8 Broad money, end of period⁸⁾ HUF bn 6954 0 6942 5 70021 7200 7 7142.1 7332 9 7503.8 7852 0 7697.9 7735.5 7695 2 7805.0 7889 8 80410 8090.7 Broad money, end of period8) CMPY 9.0 9.3 9.1 8.7 7.0 7.9 9.9 9.5 10.0 13.2 13.0 12.5 13.5 15.8 15.5 NBH base rate (p.a.),end of period 9.0 9.0 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.0 6.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 % 8.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 NBH base rate (p.a.),end of period 9 real. % 11.2 10.2 10.5 10.6 11.5 11.2 11.1 9.0 6.6 5.6 5.2 6.4 7.0 7.0 6.6 BUDGET Central gov.budget balance,cum HUF bn -280.2 -359.6 -343.5 -413.7 -507.4 -801.9 -586.3 -1481.2 -12.9 -140.8 -224.1 -275.6 -252.9 -458.6 -424.8

¹⁾ Economic organizations employing more than 5 persons.

²⁾ According to ILO methodology, from 2002 3-month averages comprising also the two previous months.

³⁾ Revised according to NACE 50+52, from January 2003 NACE 52.

Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate.

⁵⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year

⁶⁾ Revised data according to international standards (e.g. trade data refer to customs statistics).

⁷⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁸⁾ Revised according to ECB monetary standards.

⁹⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

POLAND: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Mav Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry¹ real, CMPY -4.2 2.1 5.7 -1.2 6.7 3.3 3.4 4.2 5.5 11.7 7.9 10.3 5.8 3.1 5.1 8.5 Industry real, CCPY -1.7 -0.1 -0.2 0.5 0.8 1.5 3.4 3.8 4.4 5.5 6.7 6.9 7.4 -1.1 1.1 7.2 Industry real, 3MMA -N 7 11 22 3.7 29 43 3.8 3 9 43 44 61 85 93 99 8 0 -24.1 Construction¹⁾ real, CMPY -10.4 -25.3 -3.0 -20.3 -13.2 -3.8 -7.8 -6.1 -8.8 -8.4 -11.0 -13.5 -6.9 -1.1 1.7 LABOUR Employees¹ 4896 4898 4884 4876 4864 4870 4862 4839 4736 4741 4728 4726 4723 4722 4722 4718 th. persons Employees in industry¹ 2471 2471 2462 2457 2451 2462 2462 2448 2417 2418 2412 2408 2405 2405 2406 2407 th. persons th. persons Unemployment, end of period 3064 6 30909 3105.3 31056 31126 3108 1 3150 8 3217 0 3320 6 3344 2 3321 0 3246 1 31596 31346 3123 0 3099 1 Unemployment rate²⁾ % 17.3 17 4 17.5 17.5 17.6 17.5 17.8 18.1 18.7 18.8 18.7 18.4 17.9 17.8 17.8 17 6 Labour productivity, industry1) CCPY 5.2 5.7 6.6 6.3 7.1 7.2 7.3 7. 6.7 7.0 7.6 8.6 9.9 10.0 10.5 10.1 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR)1 CCPY 0.5 -2.2 -4.7 -5.1 -6.0 -6.7 -7.4 -8. -15.2 -16.0 -18.2 -19.1 -20.1 -19.9 -19.4 -18.4 WAGES, SALARIES Total economy, gross1 PLN 2255 2232 2289 2253 2302 2263 2343 2532 2247 2235 2268 2321 2254 2301 2343 2295 Total economy, gross¹⁾ real, CMPY 2.5 2.5 2.8 1.5 2.4 -0.8 0.6 1.2 2.0 1.4 -0.1 3.7 -0.7 2.1 1.4 1.0 USD 557 555 556 539 555 549 592 647 586 579 566 586 606 600 Total economy, gross 601 586 Total economy, gross1) **EUR** 609 580 551 565 559 592 635 553 537 525 540 521 519 527 526 560 Industry, gross¹ USD 546 548 604 583 588 556 561 539 546 671 591 564 589 600 612 604 **PRICES** Consumer PM -02 -0 4 -0.5 -04 0.3 0.3 -0.1 0 . 0.4 0.1 0.3 02 0.0 -0.1 -04 -0.4 Consumer CMPY 1.9 1.3 0.8 0.5 0.6 0.7 1.6 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.9 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.8 0.8 3.1 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.1 2.0 1.9 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 Producer, in industry PM 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.4 0.3 0.0 -0.5 0.1 0.4 0.6 0.9 -0.6 -0.6 0.3 0.7 0.4 Producer, in industry CMPY 0.5 1.2 1.7 1.3 1.1 17 17 2.2 2.5 2.9 3.6 2.7 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 Producer, in industry CCPY 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.0 2.5 2.7 3.0 3.0 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.5 RETAIL TRADE real, CMPY Turnover¹⁾ 1.8 7.7 3.9 3.8 3.8 4.3 -1.9 9.9 7.7 Turnover¹⁾ real, CCPY 3.3 3.1 3.3 2.5 2.6 2.9 1.7 1.6 3.8 4.1 1.2 4.5 6.2 6.0 6.1 EUR mn 43418 10864 22188 25436 Exports total (fob), cumulated 17383 20972 24505 27917 31695 36074 39981 3406 6911 14784 18587 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 23617 28416 33428 37803 42779 48336 53495 58331 4406 8881 13935 18954 23831 28380 33223 Trade balance, cumulated EUR mn -6234 -7445 -8924 -9886 -11084 -12262 -13514 -14913 -1000 -1970 -3071 -4170 -5244 -6192 -7787 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 12120 14617 17078 19331 21877 24759 27509 29832 2475 4916 7737 10425 13020 15479 17687 Imports from EU (cif), cumulated EUR mn 14557 17596 20816 23446 26519 29885 33035 35986 2625 5371 8475 11547 14599 17445 20491 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn -2437 -2979 -3738 -4115 -4642 -5126 -5526 -6154 -149 -455 -738 -1121 -1580 -1965 -2804 FORFIGN FINANCE USD mn -4887 Current account, cumulated -3548 -3978 -4087 -4363 -5453 -6205 -6700 -752 -1274 -1545 -2055 -2551 -2655 -2934 **EXCHANGE RATE** PLN/USD, monthly average nominal 4.045 4.025 4.118 4.179 4.150 4.123 3.956 3.91 3.832 3.863 4.003 3.961 3.748 3.797 3.906 3.703 3.847 4.088 4.085 4.074 4.045 3.959 3.988 4.064 4.165 4.323 4.299 4.326 4.436 4.443 4.367 PLN/EUR, monthly average nominal PLN/USD, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real .lan98=100 96.8 96.8 99 7 101 9 101 1 100.3 96.3 94.9 929 943 98 1 96.6 913 92 7 95 9 96 6 PLN/USD, calculated with PPI⁵⁾ real. Jan98=100 100.6 100.0 101.8 103.1 102.7 102.8 99.0 97.6 97.1 98.9 104.4 100.5 95.6 97.4 99.5 99.4 PLN/EUR, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real. Jan98=100 83.7 89.3 89.7 89.5 88.7 87.0 87.8 89.2 91.7 95.2 94.7 95.3 97.9 98.3 97.0 80.3 PLN/EUR, calculated with PPI real. Jan98=100 88.7 92.8 100.5 97.9 85.6 93.5 93.2 92.3 90.4 91.2 93.0 95.1 98.0 97.6 98.4 100.0 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period PI N bn 398 41 2 418 42 1 419 42 0 42 1 42 2 416 427 442 45.9 46 1 47 4 47 6 48 7 M1, end of period⁶ PLN bn 121.6 126.1 128.5 126.1 127 4 126.9 130.7 136.6 129.8 133.0 136.2 130.7 138.0 146.4 146.9 148 4 M2, end of period⁶ PLN bn 322.0 321.9 324.2 322.9 320.7 321.1 317.5 320.2 315.4 318.4 317.9 317.2 320.2 322.9 323.0 324.8 M2, end of period CMPY 3.1 2.4 -0.2 -1.4 -2.5 -2.4 -2.1 -1.9 -0.4 -0.1-0.6 0.3 -0.40.6 1.3 -1.1 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period % 10.5 10.0 10.0 9.0 8.5 7.8 7.5 7.5 7.3 6.8 6.5 6.3 6.0 5.8 5.8 5.8 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period 7) 10.0 8.7 7.3 5.2 4.6 3.7 2.8 3.9 3.7 3.8 real, % 8.2 7.6 5.9 5.7 3.5 3.8 BUDGET PLN mn -22985 -24923 -25597 -27280 -29147 -34057 -37073 -39403 -4039 -11637 -15430 -17954 -23218 -23818 -27637 -29607 Central gov.budget balance, cum.

¹⁾ Enterprises employing more than 9 persons.

Ratio of unemployed to the economically active.

³⁾ Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate

⁴⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁵⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁶⁾ Revised according to ECB monetary standards.

Deflated with annual PPI.

R O M A N I A: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 May Jun Jul Aua Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total1) real, CMPY 0.1 6.6 9.1 6.4 9.1 9.6 7.0 8.6 1.6 -1.7 4.4 6.7 6.0 3.4 1.6 Industry, total1) real, CCPY 3.0 3.6 4.4 4.7 5.1 5.6 5.8 6.0 1.6 -0.1 1.1 1.3 1.9 2.8 3.3 Industry, total real, 3MMA 4 0 5.2 74 82 84 8.6 84 5.8 27 11 12 32 43 5.7 I AROUR Employees total th. persons 4397.5 4404.2 4405.1 4399.4 4395.5 4375.1 4353.0 4331.0 4331.2 4348.6 4376.5 4393.6 4411.4 4420.5 4412.1 Employees in industry th. persons 1824.2 1814.0 1812.6 1808.6 1801.7 1797.6 1795.2 1785. 1796.4 1795.3 1801.3 1790.7 1786.0 1784.6 1776.1 Unemployment, end of period 929.7 693.1 983.3 867.4 815.5 786.2 767.7 755.9 760.6 781.4 798.4 779.2 731.4 663.6 650.4 th. persons Unemployment rate² % 10.5 99 92 8.7 8 4 8 2 8 1 8 . 8.3 8.5 8.3 7.8 74 7 1 6.9 Labour productivity, industry CCPY 8.7 9.7 10.9 11.5 12.3 13.0 13.3 13.7 9.0 7.3 8.7 92 9.9 11.0 11.7 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adi.(EUR) CCPY 2.1 -1.2 -4.4 -5.8 -6.7 -7.6 -8.6 -9.5 -10.7 -9.6 -10.9 -11.8 -12.2 -12.9 -12.6 WAGES, SALARIES th. ROL 5329.1 5327.1 5498.5 5469.6 5404.1 5570.8 5704.7 6521.6 6520.3 6054.1 6338.9 6885.5 6521.4 6476.2 6721.9 Total economy, gross real, CMPY Total economy, gross 2.5 0.3 0.7 1.3 2.0 3.4 1.9 4. 8.7 9.0 6.3 6.3 7.0 6.6 6.5 Total economy, gross USD 159 160 167 165 163 168 170 194 195 184 191 204 201 199 206 **EUR** 173 167 168 169 166 171 170 190 183 171 177 188 173 170 181 Total economy, gross Industry, gross USD 159 188 176 184 161 174 170 165 167 165 176 198 194 193 205 **PRICES** PM 1.9 0.8 0.6 0.3 1.2 0.5 1.6 2.6 1.3 0.8 0.5 0.9 1.2 Consumer 1.5 1.1 1.1 Consumer CMPY 24.5 24 0 23.0 21.3 198 18.8 18.6 17.8 16.6 16.2 17.1 16.0 14.4 14 0 14 8 14 2 Consumer CCPY 25.9 25.6 25.2 24.7 24.1 22.5 16.6 16.4 16.7 16.1 15.7 15.4 23.5 23.0 16.5 15.6 Producer, in industry PM 2.1 1.4 2.3 1.2 1.8 1.6 1.4 0.7 2.3 2.6 1.9 1.6 1.1 0.4 1.0 CMPY Producer, in industry 25.9 25.7 24.8 23.7 23.5 22.9 23.0 22.1 22.5 23.6 24.0 23.1 21.9 20.7 19.1 Producer, in industry CCPY 26.3 26.2 26.0 25.7 25.4 25.1 24.9 24 F 22.5 23.0 23.3 23.3 23.0 22.6 22.1 RETAIL TRADE real, CMPY Turnover -2.2 -0.3 3.6 2.8 2.9 0.3 6.0 3.6 2.5 0.0 6.7 7.4 Turnover real, CCPY 0.0 -0.1 0.5 0.8 1.0 0.9 0.7 0.7 6.0 4.8 4.0 3.0 3.8 FOREIGN TRADE³⁾⁴⁾ Exports total (fob), cumulated EUR mn 5644 6933 8289 9511 10758 12105 13467 14675 2435 3778 4970 6232 7500 8993 1200 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 7260 11734 8883 10679 12076 13679 15482 17229 1888 1414 2879 4541 6257 8065 9813 Trade balance, cumulated EUR mn -1616 -1950 -2390 -2565 -2921 -3377 -3762 -4206 -213 -443 -764 -1288 -1833 -2313 -2741 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 3923 4786 5711 6524 7350 8211 9129 9853 797 1678 2591 3382 4251 5119 6132 Imports from EU (cif), cumulated EUR mn 7140 11039 4626 4271 5278 6395 8030 9076 10076 737 1607 2531 3494 5707 6900 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn -349 -492 -684 -615 -680 -865 -948 -1186 60 71 60 -112 -375 -588 -768 FOREIGN FINANCE Current account, cumulated USD mn -584 -880 -965 -882 -905 -1059 -1210 -1535 -15 -72 -169 -607 -1057 -1377 **FXCHANGE RATE** ROL/USD, monthly average 33491 33392 32979 33094 33116 33242 33545 33654 33448 32884 33134 33703 32502 32616 32677 33359 nominal ROL/EUR, monthly average nominal 30774 31912 32721 32365 32481 32629 33592 34239 35594 35443 35823 36560 37617 38063 37166 ROL/USD, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real. Jan98=100 108.0 106.2 106.1 105.7 104.7 102.9 101.4 98.2 98.5 94.7 94.4 95.2 109.5 99.9 98.9 93.5 ROL/USD, calculated with PPI⁵ real .lan98=100 1033 1016 98.4 97.8 96.7 96.3 95.7 95.2 94 2 918 933 90.4 86 1 86.9 86 1 ROL/EUR, calculated with CPI⁵⁾ real. Jan98=100 91.2 93.4 95.2 93.5 93.6 92.7 93.1 93.8 96.4 95.6 95.8 96.9 99.2 99.6 96.0 95.8 ROL/EUR, calculated with PPI⁵ real. Jan98=100 90.2 90.5 88.6 87.5 86.6 87.5 88.8 90.7 88.4 87.8 87.8 89.6 86.7 88.3 89.0 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period 42334 45578 45773 45868 ROL bn 34997 39615 39106 41257 41324 41688 41543 51575 50214 52535 54460 M1, end of period ROI bn 59796 64366 65733 69383 71435 72319 72822 88305 73802 78289 79941 87820 85019 92145 93725 M2, end of period ROL bn 290629 300912 303477 314850 317333 324933 334584 373713 355721 367402 369451 378595 379098 388499 390876 45.4 44.3 40.3 39.0 35.0 37.2 36.7 38.2 36.9 37.6 34.2 32.3 30.4 29.1 28.8 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period 6 32.2 30.6 28.3 27.2 25.6 23.8 22.2 20.4 19.6 19.2 18.4 17.4 17.9 18.2 18.2 18.2 % Discount rate (p.a.),end of period ⁶⁾⁷⁾ real. % 5.0 3.9 2.8 2.8 1.7 0.7 -0.7 -1.4 -2.4 -3.6 -4.5 -4.6 -3.3 -2.1 -0.8 BUDGET Central gov.budget balance, cum ROL bn -14789 -29334 -31292 -29983 -32043 -31386 -39426 -47618 1599 -2275 -7723 -7382 -10330 -16524 -12186

¹⁾ Enterprises with more than 50 (in food industry 20) employees.

²⁾ Ratio of unemployed to economically active population as of December of previous year, from 2002 as of December 2001.

³⁾ January 1994 to December 2002 calculated from USD by wiiw.

Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁵⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁶⁾ From 1, February 2002 reference rate of RNB.

⁷⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

R U S S I A: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mai ndA May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION 3.9 Industry, total real, CMPY 4.4 7.8 0.8 4.9 6.5 6.7 7.1 8.5 7.0 7.1 2.8 3.4 5.5 3.2 5.5 Industry, total real, CCPY 3.0 3.2 3.9 4.0 4.0 3.7 4.9 6.3 6.8 6.8 6.6 3.8 3.7 5.7 6.0 7.1 Industry, total¹ real 3MMA 3.8 5.0 52 Construction, total real, CMPY 2.9 2.8 2.0 2.4 3.7 13.7 13.4 13.8 14.7 15.5 14.3 15.0 14.3 2.5 1.8 LABOUR Employment total² th. persons 66000 66500 67000 67500 66900 66300 65800 65200 64700 64100 64600 65000 65500 66000 66400 Unemployment, end of period3 6294 6324 5630 5520 5529 5420 5312 5203 5520 5837 6153 6435 6575 6072 5821 5744 th. persons Unemployment rate³ 7.5 7.3 72 76 8 1 8.5 8.8 91 93 89 8.5 82 80 7.8 76 WAGES, SALARIES Total economy, gross RUB 4187 0 4460.0 4597 0 4511 0 4521 0 4646.0 4694.0 5738 0 4696.0 4701.0 4986.0 5100.0 5221.0 5550.0 5615.0 5559 0 real, CMPY 18.2 15.4 9.2 8.3 Total economy, gross 18.0 18.7 15.9 14.9 13.8 9. 9.9 7.8 9.8 9.3 7.2 8.7 Total economy, gross USD 134 142 146 143 143 147 148 180 148 148 159 163 169 182 185 183 Total economy, gross 147 **EUR** 146 149 147 146 146 149 147 177 139 138 151 146 156 162 164 Industry, gross USD 159 165 174 179 173 176 178 207 176 181 190 200 202 214 226 PRICES Consumer PM 0.5 0.7 0.1 0.4 1.6 2.4 1.0 0.8 0.7 -0.4 1.7 1.6 0.8 Consumer CMPY 16.2 14.9 15.1 15.2 15.0 15.0 15.2 15.1 14.3 14.8 14.8 14.6 13.6 13.9 13.9 13.3 CCPY 17.3 16.8 16.6 16.0 14.3 14.6 Consumer 16.4 16.3 16.1 16.0 14.6 14.6 14.4 14.3 14.3 14.1 Producer, in industry PM 25 3 1 26 17 12 21 11 -0.2 0.4 14 1.3 1.4 -0.2 0.7 22 14 Producer, in industry CMPY 9.9 11.7 15.1 17.0 18.0 17.5 17.5 19.5 21.2 20.2 17.1 14.3 13.5 8.7 13.6 13.9 Producer, in industry 7.9 9.8 11.8 17.5 19.4 19.1 18.2 RETAIL TRADE real, CMPY 9.6 Turnover 6.1 7.6 10.2 8.6 9.6 10.0 8.7 8.1 8.5 8.6 9.9 8.3 8.7 7.4 Turnover⁴ real, CCPY 8.4 8.3 86 8.6 8.7 8.8 8.9 8.9 8.1 8.3 84 8.8 8.7 8.7 8.5 FOREIGN TRADE⁵⁾⁶⁾⁷⁾ Exports total, cumulated FUR mn 44553 53155 62480 72646 82622 92940 102326 113173 2207 17918 28522 37926 46624 56068 65743 Imports total, cumulated EUR mn 25003 30201 35692 40908 46099 64051 8883 14230 19823 24797 30123 EUR mn 22954 26789 31738 36523 40940 44745 4638 9034 14292 18103 21827 25945 29778 Trade balance, cumulated 19550 49122 FOREIGN FINANCE USD mn Current account, cumulated 14551 22079 31091 11500 21300 **EXCHANGE RATE** RUB/USD, monthly average nominal 31.255 31.405 31.515 31.554 31.627 31 693 31 811 31 837 31.816 31.699 31 453 31.212 30.907 30 469 30.360 30 349 RUB/EUR, monthly average 28.682 29.965 31.323 30.875 31.006 31.103 31.831 32.443 33.807 34.188 33.952 33.867 35.738 35.594 34.560 33.876 RUB/USD, calculated with CPI⁸⁾ real, Jan98=100 151.1 151.2 150.9 151.4 151.4 150.4 148.6 146.0 143.1 141.4 139.7 136.9 134.3 131.6 130.3 130.8 RUB/USD, calculated with PPI⁸ real .lan98=100 174 5 170.3 167.0 164 8 164 2 162 4 161 1 161.2 163.5 163 4 164 4 155.7 154 4 152 5 148 5 146 4 RUB/EUR, calculated with CPI⁸ real. Jan98=100 125.5 130.5 135.3 133 4 133.8 133.0 134 1 135. 1376 137.5 135.5 134 1 140 4 138.8 133 7 1316 RUB/EUR, calculated with PPI⁸⁾ real, Jan98=100 150.7 148.3 145.8 156.9 157.2 148.9 153.7 149.1 147.0 150.4 157.1 154.3 151.1 159.1 149.4 144.5 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period RUB bn 607.5 645.9 659.7 679.0 675.8 690.5 763.3 709.0 730.9 749.5 822.4 855.6 940.9 RUB bn 1254.5 1282.1 1301.7 1680.9 1809.6 M1, end of period 1204.1 1268.0 1313.3 1337.4 1499.2 1441.4 1513.9 1584.8 1823.0 1396.3 M2 end of period RUB bn 2288 3 2356.8 2403 6 2445.2 24947 2538 6 2602.7 2843 6 2778 5 2916.5 2991 0 3053.8 3164 1 3340 9 3401.5 M2, end of period CMPY 32.3 31.0 30.5 30.7 29.6 28.6 31.1 34.0 35.1 38.6 39.9 38.0 38.3 41.8 41.5 Refinancing rate (p.a.),end of period 23.0 23.0 23.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 Refinancing rate (p.a.),end of period 9 real. % 13.2 12.0 -2.6 2.2 10.1 6.5 5.1 3.4 2.6 3.0 3.0 -1.2 -1.9 0.8 1.5 1.9 BUDGET Central gov.budget balance, cum RUB bn 147.9 162.8 209.8 223.5 246.4 213.9 203.4 156.0 70.1 75.1 89.3 127.3 173.8 184.3 213.6 208.9

¹⁾ Seasonally adjusted.

²⁾ Based on labour force survey.

³⁾ According to ILO methodology

⁴⁾ Including estimated turnover of non-registered firms, including catering.

⁵⁾ Based on cumulated USD and converted using the ECB EUR/USD average foreign exchange reference rate.

⁶⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year, incl. estimates of non-registered imports.

⁷⁾ Based on balance of payments statistics.

⁸⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁹⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

S L O V A K REPUBLIC: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Oct May Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, tota real, CMPY 3.7 12.0 6.5 10.0 9.4 9.2 11.2 13.7 7.9 10.6 2.2 2.4 9.5 2.8 3.8 Industry, total real, CCPY 3.6 3.7 4.8 5.0 5.6 6.0 6.3 6.7 13.7 10.7 10.7 8.5 7.2 7.6 6.9 Industry, total real, 3MMA 59 6.4 74 95 8.7 95 99 11.3 10 9 10.7 6.8 5.0 47 49 real, CMPY Construction, total 8.2 6.3 3.8 6.9 8.0 11.7 4.8 3.6 -0.5 0.0 3.3 5.7 LABOUR Employment in industry 561.7 564.7 555.5 558.1 562.1 561.4 559.8 549.3 547.8 550.3 554.1 558.2 561.1 563.8 562.7 th. persons Unemployment, end of period 507.0 505.0 492.6 481.0 478.6 488.0 504. 495.4 478.7 433.1 427.6 422.8 510.2 509.2 450.7 th. persons Unemployment rate % 177 176 176 17 2 166 164 16.8 17.5 17 7 17 1 16.5 154 148 14 6 14.5 Labour productivity, industry CCPY 4.3 3.9 5.1 5.2 5.6 5.9 6.1 6.5 12.7 9.5 9.2 7.5 6.5 7.0 62 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR) CCPY 7.0 5.9 3.9 3.3 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.2 -4.1 -2.5 -2.7 -0.3 1.6 2.5 3.8 WAGES, SALARIES SKK 14314 14663 14567 14053 13822 14484 16558 16097 14332 13466 14223 14827 15379 16140 15382 Industry, gross Industry, gross real, CMPY 3.1 3.5 7.2 4.3 6.1 2.2 1.7 2.0 -1.3 -2.7 -3.0 0.6 -0.21.6 -2.9 Industry, gross USD 305 315 325 312 315 340 399 391 365 346 368 391 432 455 419 333 331 327 320 321 346 399 385 344 321 340 361 374 389 368 Industry, gross **EUR PRICES** Consume 0.2 -0.4 -0.3 0.5 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.7 5.3 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.0 1.0 CMPY Consumer 3.2 2.6 2.0 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.9 3.4 7.3 7.6 8.0 7.7 7.6 8.4 8.7 9.2 Consumer CCPY 42 3.9 36 3.5 34 33 3.3 3.3 7.3 7.5 76 77 76 78 79 8.1 Producer, in industry²⁾ -0.2 -0.4 0.1 0.0 -0.3 0.1 5.4 -0.1 -0.6 PM 0.2 0.0 3.1 0.3 0.0 0.2 Producer, in industry2 CMPY 2.0 1.4 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.3 7.5 8.9 9.2 8.2 7.8 8.2 8.2 Producer, in industry2 CCPY 2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 7.5 8.2 8.5 8.5 8.3 8.3 8.3 RETAIL TRADE3) Turnover real, CMPY 88 10.5 5.6 29 0.9 6.2 17 8.5 -5.0 -3.8 -10.2 -19 -6.3 -9.3 -76 Turnover real, CCPY 6.2 6.9 6.7 6.2 5.9 5.9 5.5 5.8 -5.0 -4.4 -6.3 -5.2 -5.4 -6.1 -6.3 FOREIGN TRADE⁴⁾⁵⁾ Exports total (fob),cumulated EUR mn 5906 7208 8554 9752 11114 12561 13993 15256 1309 2690 4219 5713 7375 9053 10726 Imports total (fob),cumulated EUR mn 6752 8184 9683 10970 12522 14279 15938 17519 1327 2762 4359 7610 9277 11051 5996 EUR mn Trade balance.cumulated -846 -976 -1129 -1217 -1408 -1718 -1945 -2263 -17 -72 -140 -284 -235 -223 -325 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 3604 4395 5207 5889 6712 7569 8450 9234 832 1720 2716 3618 4614 5572 6556 Imports from EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 3383 4123 4909 5542 6323 7216 8054 881 647 1350 2147 2981 3838 4709 5659 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn 221 347 388 418 185 370 863 272 298 354 396 569 637 776 897 FOREIGN FINANCE Current account, cumulated USD mn -762 -868 -987 -1018 -1210 -1458 -1619 -1939 -46 -137 -126 -255 -177 **EXCHANGE RATE** SKK/USD, monthly average nominal 46.9 46.5 44 8 45.0 43 8 42 6 41.5 41 . 39.3 39.0 38.7 37.9 35.6 35.5 36.7 37.5 41.8 SKK/EUR, monthly average nominal 43.0 44.3 44.5 44.0 43.0 41.8 41.5 41.8 41.7 42.0 41.5 41.8 41.1 41.1 41.9 SKK/USD, calculated with CPI⁶ real. Jan98=100 106.6 106.4 102.7 103.1 100.3 97.7 95.0 93.4 84.9 84.4 84.0 82.0 76.8 76.4 79.2 SKK/USD, calculated with PPf⁶ real. Jan98=100 110.3 110.0 105.9 104.5 102.4 99.8 98.8 91.1 89.2 90.7 81.8 106.7 86.1 81.3 84.4 SKK/EUR, calculated with CPI⁶ real .lan98=100 88.3 915 92 N 90.6 88.6 86.3 85.8 86.0 815 82 0 815 80.1 80.1 80.6 81 1 80.6 SKK/EUR, calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real. Jan98=100 93.8 97.1 97.3 96.3 94.3 91.8 91.1 91.8 87.2 85.6 85.1 83.4 83.6 84.3 84.8 DOMESTIC FINANCE 80.7 83.1 M0, end of period SKK bn 79.0 79.6 79.3 80.4 81.4 84.1 87.2 86.8 86.3 87.0 86.6 87.3 M1, end of period SKK bn 218.7 222.5 221.1 222.8 227.0 246.1 234.9 244.1 240.9 242.4 248.7 252.7 212.1 219.3 244.8 M2, end of period SKK hn 668 7 678.9 6927 696.3 689 7 694 7 702 8 713 702 2 713 2 710.3 7117 7187 702 0 723 7 M2, end of period CMPY 8.0 8.6 9.3 8.1 7.5 9.3 7.9 4.9 5.1 5.7 6.7 7.4 7.5 3.4 4.5 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period7 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.0 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 Discount rate (p.a.),end of $period^{7)8)}$ 4. -0.9 -2.2 -2.5 real. % 6.1 6.8 6.3 6.1 5.9 5.7 4.3 -1.6-1.2 -1.6-1.6 BUDGET

SKK mn -20825 -24661 -34768 -35706 -32192 -39930 -36488 -51642

-1688 -12985 -17810 -23786 -30580 -27619 -31190

Central gov.budget balance.cum.

¹⁾ Ratio of disposable number of registered unemployment calculated to the economically active population as of previous year.

²⁾ Based on revised index schema of 2000, excluding VAT and excise taxes

³⁾ According to NACE (52 - retail trade), excluding VAT.

⁴⁾ Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate.

⁵⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁶⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁷⁾ From January 2002 corresponding to the 2-week limit rate of NBS.

⁸⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

S L O V E N I A: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 May Oct Jun Jul Aug Sep Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total real, CMPY 0.1 -1.9 4.6 0.1 6.8 1.5 0.6 2.8 -1.9 2.8 1.4 -2.4 -0.8 2.5 -0.8 Industry, total real, CCPY 2.9 2.1 2.5 2.2 2.7 2.6 2.4 2.4 -1.9 0.4 0.8 -0.1 -0.2 0.2 0.1 Industry, total real, 3MMA 25 n q 0.9 4.0 29 29 1.5 0.4 1.1 0.7 0.5 -0.6 -0.3 0.2 Construction, total1 real, CMPY -0.1 2.2 -8.3 -4.7 -4.8 -8.0 -1.2 -5.3 0.6 -3.6 -10.0 -1.4 -1.1 4.1 LABOUR Employment total th. persons 785.3 785.6 783.9 782.6 784.5 785.1 785.2 781.9 776.0 776.8 778.5 778.3 779.3 780.4 774.8 Employees in industry 248.1 247.6 245.5 245.4 245.9 245.8 244.0 243.1 243.4 242.7 242.0 241.7 th. persons 246.3 243.3 103 4 Unemployment, end of period th persons 101 1 100 1 1017 102 2 104 5 1017 99 6 1016 100 6 988 97 1 95.3 94 4 96.9 Unemployment rate²⁾ % 11.4 11.3 11.5 11.6 117 11.7 11.5 11.3 11.6 115 11.3 11.1 10.9 10.8 11.1 Labour productivity, industry CCPY 6.2 5.4 5.9 5.6 6.0 5.9 5.6 5.6 0.3 2.6 3.1 2.2 2.2 2.6 Unit labour costs, exch.r. adj.(EUR) CCPY -0.7 0.7 -1.7 -1.0 -1.1 -1.0 -1.2 -0.9 -0. 4.4 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.4 WAGES, SALARIES Total economy, gross th. SIT 247.1 246.9 250.9 231.1 229.2 232.1 236.1 236.2 239.9 252.9 262. 241.5 243.7 249.3 248.2 Total economy, gross real, CMPY 2.1 2.5 3.0 1.7 2.9 2.1 0.9 4 4 2.4 1.9 1.1 2.5 2.3 2.1 2.1 USD 939 967 1016 1015 1016 1029 1103 1159 1136 1126 1134 1151 1236 1242 1219 Total economy, gross Total economy, gross **EUR** 1026 1014 1039 1036 1049 1103 1140 1071 1044 1051 1070 1063 1024 1063 1072 USD 1006 1049 Industry, gross 806 816 877 865 869 890 966 970 947 964 983 1055 **PRICES** Consumer PM 0.3 -0.2 0.5 0.1 0.8 0.5 0.0 0.6 1.0 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.5 -0.4 Consumer CMPY 7.2 7.2 6.6 7.5 6.8 7.2 7.3 6.7 7.2 6.2 6.3 5.3 5.5 6.0 6.0 5.5 CCPY 8.0 7.8 7.7 7.7 7.6 7.6 7.5 7.5 6.6 6.4 6.3 6.1 5.9 6.0 6.0 5.9 Producer, in industry PM 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.2 -0.20.1 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.0 0.0 Producer, in industry CMPY 5.7 5.6 5.3 5.2 49 4.2 4.1 3.7 3.6 2.8 2.5 2.4 2.8 27 2.5 2.3 Producer, in industry CCPY 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5. 3.6 3.2 3.0 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 RETAIL TRADE3) real, CMPY 8.9 Turnover 2.2 7.1 4.0 7.8 5.6 3.9 6.7 0.9 7.2 6.5 6.2 real, CCPY 5.6 Turnover 3.2 3.6 4.1 4.1 4.5 4.6 4.6 4.8 4.5 6.7 4.5 5.2 5.5 FOREIGN TRADE⁴⁾⁵ Exports total (fob), cumulated EUR mn 4539 5459 6445 8172 9218 10154 846 1752 2741 3722 4646 6589 7168 10966 5586 Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 4847 5766 6753 7518 8528 9576 10607 11574 868 1896 2991 4026 5085 6074 7126 Trade balance total, cumulated EUR mn -308 -306 -309 -350 -356 -358 -453 -608 -22 -144 -250 -304 -439 -488 -538 Exports to EU (fob), cumulated EUR mn 4310 4907 5520 6509 1106 1702 2835 3381 3947 2785 3328 3909 6072 557 2281 Imports from EU (cif), cumulated EUR mn 3307 3956 4642 5139 5826 6543 7227 7872 572 1253 1998 2698 3414 4092 4825 Trade balance with EU, cumulated EUR mn -523 -628 -733 -829 -919 -1023 -1154 -1363 -15 -147 -297 -417 -579 -711 -878 FORFIGN FINANCE USD mn Current account, cumulated 71 146 192 236 368 458 484 375 97 65 -20 -73 -59 -52 **EXCHANGE RATE** SIT/USD, monthly average nominal 246.1 237.1 228.3 232.6 232.5 233.2 229.2 226.2 217.5 214.5 214.8 214.4 201.7 199.8 205.8 228.0 SIT/EUR, monthly average 225.3 226.0 226.7 227.4 228.7 229.3 230.0 230.7 231.3 231.9 232.4 233.0 233.5 234.1 234.7 nominal SIT/USD, calculated with CPI⁶ real .lan98=100 1148 110 9 106.4 108 6 107 9 107.8 106.0 103.7 99 1 98 1 98 1 97 2 90.8 89 9 922 94.8 SIT/USD, calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real. Jan98=100 118.2 113.7 109.6 111.7 112.2 113.1 110.7 108.4 106.0 106.5 109.4 105.4 98.6 98.4 101.3 103.7 SIT/EUR, calculated with CPI⁶⁾ real. Jan98=100 95.1 95.6 95.3 95.6 95.4 95.4 95.8 95.2 95.3 95.2 95.1 94.9 94.9 94.6 95.2 95.7 SIT/EUR, calculated with PPI real. Jan98=100 100.6 101.4 101.4 101.5 102.4 102.2 101.5 101.5 101.9 102.1 100.6 100.8 101.0 101.0 100.9 102.8 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period SIT bn 135 1 146.0 137 2 140 0 138 6 141 4 140 6 143 137 8 139 2 142 0 147 2 150 2 M1, end of period SIT bn 5028 524 1 5094 509 6 525.5 510.8 556.9 563 4 525.1 536.8 546.7 557.1 577.6 643 9 631.8 Broad money, end of period SIT bn 3036.4 3025.5 3061.0 3080.7 3100.6 3223.9 3353.0 3372.9 3319.5 3336.5 3330.8 3355.4 3362.5 3420.9 3454.2 Broad money, end of period CMPY 26.0 23.7 23.6 22.5 21.3 23.2 23.9 17.2 14.0 13.9 12.1 11.5 10.7 13.1 12.8 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period % 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.25 7.25 7.25 6.50 6.50 6.50 5.50 5.50 Discount rate (p.a.),end of period⁸⁾ 1.9 3.4 3.5 3.9 3.6 2.7 real, % 2.0 2.3 2.4 2.7 3.4 3.5 4.3 4.0 2.9 BUDGET

General gov.budget balance, cum

SIT bn -122.5

-174.3 -163.6 -158.4

-162.4

-159.6

-173.0

-157.6

-21.3

-30.3

-12.0

-28.3

¹⁾ Effective working hours. Enterprises with 10 or more persons employed.

²⁾ Ratio of unemployed to the economically active.

³⁾ According to NACE (52 - retail trade, 50 - repair of motor vehicles), excluding turnover tax.

⁴⁾ Based on cumulated national currency and converted with the average exchange rate

⁵⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁶⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

⁷⁾ From October 2001 main refinancing rate.

⁸⁾ Deflated with annual PPI.

UKRAINE: Selected monthly data on the economic situation 2002 to 2003

(updated end of Sep 2003) 2002 2003 Mav Jun Jul Aua Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Mav Jun Jul Aug PRODUCTION Industry, total1) real, CMPY Industry, total real, CCPY 5.9 6.2 6.1 6.2 6.0 6.3 7.0 11.6 10.8 10.7 11.7 12.4 13.8 14.6 5.5 11.4 Industry, total1 real, 3MMA I AROUR Unemployment, end of period th. persons 1051.0 1023.4 1005.2 1002.8 991.8 980.0 999.4 1034.2 1061.0 1100.9 1109.4 1107.3 1057.8 1012.7 996.1 982.8 Unemployment rate²⁾ 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.7 WAGES, SALARIES 1) Total economy, gross UAH 358.9 377.4 398.1 390.1 391.1 397.5 395.7 442.9 400.6 391.2 415.5 422.6 439.3 476.2 489.5 479.2 Total economy, gross real, CMPY 16.9 19.5 18.8 25.0 16.2 17.8 16.1 20.0 22.7 21.1 19.1 17.7 12.3 14.7 19.1 14.5 Total economy, gross USD 67 71 75 73 73 75 74 83 75 73 78 79 82 89 92 ٩n Total economy, gross **EUR** 74 74 75 75 75 76 74 82 71 68 72 73 72 76 81 Industry, gross USD 87 89 96 95 95 97 95 104 99 96 103 105 108 PRICES PM -1.7 -0.3 -1.5 -0.2 0.2 0.7 0.7 1.5 1.1 0.7 0.0 0.1 -0.1 Consumer -1.8 1.4 1.1 Consumer CMPY 14 -11 -0.9 -0.9 -11 -0.6 -04 -0.6 -0 1 25 43 36 39 59 74 5.8 Consume CCPY 2.9 2.2 1.8 1.5 1.2 1.0 0.9 0.8 -0.1 1.2 2.2 2.6 2.8 3.3 3.9 4.1 Producer, in industry 1.5 2.2 1.0 -0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.5 0.7 2.1 0.3 0.3 0.0 1.0 1.0 CMPY 2.0 9.9 Producer, in industry 4.0 5.0 4.6 4.9 5.8 5.3 5.8 6.8 6.8 8.9 7.6 5.3 5.3 6.8 Producer, in industry CCPY 0.3 0.9 1.5 1.9 22 2.6 2.8 3.1 6.8 6.8 7.8 8.1 8.0 7.5 7.2 7.1 RETAIL TRADE Turnover³⁾ real, CCPY 18.1 16.1 15.6 15.5 14.8 14.9 14.7 14.8 11.6 12.6 12.4 11.9 13.8 15.1 16.8 17.1 FOREIGN TRADE⁴⁾⁵⁾ EUR mn 7581 9054 10539 12040 13770 15552 17206 19004 1402 2899 4607 6345 7809 9330 11143 Exports total (fob), cumulated Imports total (cif), cumulated EUR mn 7047 8519 10044 11512 13001 14632 16098 1265 2633 4225 5967 7392 8928 10732 17967 Trade balance cumulated FUR mn 534 535 495 527 770 920 1108 1037 137 266 383 378 417 402 411 FOREIGN FINANCE Current account, cumulated USD mn 1453 2207 3173 1082 1875 EXCHANGE RATE UAH/USD, monthly average 5.328 5.329 5.329 5.329 5.330 5.330 5.330 5.332 5.333 5 334 5.334 5.334 5.333 5.333 5.332 5.332 nominal UAH/EUR, monthly average nominal 4.865 5.079 5.288 5.211 5.229 5.228 5.338 5.422 5.645 5.752 5.758 5.786 6.125 6.225 6.066 5.951 UAH/USD, calculated with CPI⁶¹ real. Jan98=100 165.1 168.3 171.0 171.9 171.9 171.0 169.9 167.1 165.3 164.8 164.0 162.6 162.2 162.4 162.7 165.5 UAH/USD calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real, Jan98=100 150.6 147.6 146.5 147.4 147.9 148.8 148.3 148.1 150.2 151.7 152.6 147.3 146.6 148.0 146.3 144.9 UAH/EUR, calculated with CPI⁶ real, Jan98=100 136.2 144.8 152.9 151.1 151.8 151.0 153.2 154.0 158.1 160.0 158.9 158.8 168.2 170.9 166.5 166.2 UAH/EUR, calculated with PPI⁶⁾ real, Jan98=100 127.6 130.2 134.4 133.1 133.4 133.2 135.2 137.7 143.3 145.6 143.0 142.6 149.9 152.2 146.9 142.7 DOMESTIC FINANCE M0, end of period 23713 24707 25503 27879 29375 UAH mn 20394 21441 22561 23568 23655 24064 26434 26002 27650 30080 31100 UAH mn 34037 36504 M1, end of period 30670 32494 35367 36373 36514 40244 37877 38974 41615 42743 43447 46815 47276 Broad money, end of period UAH mn 48813 51195 53913 56294 57729 58697 59575 64532 62853 64945 69731 72509 73977 79034 80786 83000 Broad money, end of period CMPY 38.8 38.5 44.3 47.1 45.6 44.0 43.5 41.7 44.1 44.2 47.3 49.8 51.6 54.4 49.8 47.4 Refinancing rate (p.a.), end of period 10.0 10.0 7.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 Refinancing rate (p.a.),end of period 7) real. % 79 2.9 32 3.0 2.1 26 1.1 0.2 0.2 -2.6 -1.8 -0.6 1.6 1.6 0.2 BUDGET General gov.budget balance, cum. UAH mn 1626.6 1366.6 1851.7 2409.7 2722.6 3284.8 3828.3 1635.4 1451.1 2194.3 1871.3 2348.1 3375.2 2500.9 2889.3

¹⁾ Excluding small firms.

²⁾ Ratio of unemployed to the economically active.

³⁾ Official registered enterprises.

⁴⁾ Based on cumulated USD and converted using the ECB EUR/USD average foreign exchange reference rate

⁵⁾ Cumulation starting January and ending December each year.

⁶⁾ Adjusted for domestic and foreign (US resp. EU) inflation. Values less than 100 mean real appreciation.

Deflated with annual PPI

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